

TP2

Rappel COO



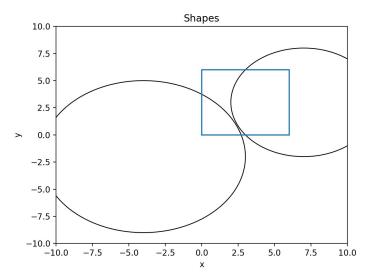
Code Orienté Objet

- Modularité : Plein de petit code simple plutôt qu'un unique long
- Réutilisabilité : Les classes et les objets peuvent être réutilisés.
- **Encapsulation**: Encapsulation de l'information et comportements -> +Stable +Sur
- Abstraction : Simplifie, tâche complexe -> Facile à utiliser
- **Héritage** : Réduire la redondance
- **Polymorphisme**: Même fonction pour différent objet -> flexible et plus facile à étendre.



Example

```
circle1 radius = 5
circle2 radius = 7
circle1_area = math.pi * circle1_radius**2
circle1_perimeter = 2 * math.pi * circle1_radius
circle2_area = math.pi * circle2_radius**2
circle2_perimeter = 2 * math.pi * circle2_radius
square area = square side length**2
square perimeter = 4 * square side length
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
                 [square coords[1], square coords[1]+square side length, square coords[1]+square side length, square coords[1], square coords[1]])
ax.add patch(circle1)
 circle2 = Circle(circle2 coords, radius=circle2 radius, fill=None)
ax.add_patch(circle2)
 square = Rectangle(square_coords, width=square_side_length, height=square_side_length, fill=None)
ax.add_patch(square)
ax.set xlim(-10, 10)
ax.set vlim(-10, 10)
ax.set(xlabel='x', ylabel='y', title='Shapes')
plt.show()
print("Circle 1 - Area:", circle1_area)
print("Circle 1 - Perimeter:", circle1_perimeter)
print("Circle 2 - Area:", circle2_area)
print("Circle 2 - Perimeter:", circle2 perimeter)
print("Square - Area:", square_area)
print("Square - Perimeter:", square_perimeter)
```



Circle 1 - Area: 78.53981633974483

Circle 1 - Perimeter: 31.41592653589793

Circle 2 - Area: 153.93804002589985

Circle 2 - Perimeter: 43.982297150257104

Square - Area: 36 Square - Perimeter: 24



Example

```
class MyCircle:
    def __init__(self, x, y, radius):
        self.x = x
        self.y = y
        self.radius = radius

def area(self):
        return math.pi * self.radius**2

def perimeter(self):
        return 2 * math.pi * self.radius

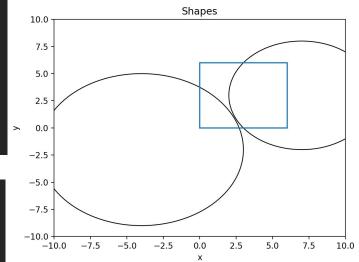
def plot(self):
        circle = plt.Circle((self.x, self.y), self.radius, fill=False)
        plt.gca().add_artist(circle)
```

```
class MyRectangle:
    def __init__(self, x, y, width, height):|
        self.x = x
        self.y = y
        self.width = width
        self.height = height

def area(self):
    return self.width * self.height

def perimeter(self):
    return 2 * (self.width + self.height)

def plot(self):
    plt.plot([self.x, self.x + self.width, self.x + self.width, self.x, self.x],
        [self.y, self.y, self.y + self.height, self.y])
```



Circle 1 - Area: 78.53981633974483

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Circle 2 - Perimeter: 43.982297150257104

Square - Area: 36

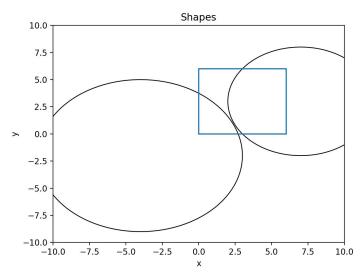
Square - Perimeter: 24



Example

```
# Create instances of Circle
rectangle = MyRectangle(0, 0, 6, 4)
circle1 = MyCircle(7, 3, 5)
circle2 = MyCircle(-4, -2, 7)

# Calculate and print the area and perimeter of each circle
print("Circle 1 - Area:", circle1.area())
print("Circle 1 - Perimeter:", circle1.perimeter())
print("Circle 2 - Area:", circle2.area())
print("Circle 2 - Perimeter:", circle2.perimeter())
rectangle.plot()
circle1.plot()
circle2.plot()
```



Circle 1 - Area: 78.53981633974483

Circle 1 - Perimeter: 31.41592653589793

Circle 2 - Area: 153.93804002589985

Circle 2 - Perimeter: 43.982297150257104

Square - Area: 36

Square - Perimeter: 24



Nomenclature

Classe : Téléphone

Un objet
 Mon Téléphone (Instance de classe)

Des attributs (caractéristique)

Marque / Modèle / % batterie /

Des méthodes (fonction)

Allumer / éteindre / ...



Constructeur

- Information nécessaire
- Crée une instance
- Rectangle = MyRectangle(0,0,5,6)

```
class MyRectangle:
    def __init__(self, x, y, width, height):|
        self.x = x
        self.y = y
        self.width = width
        self.height = height

def area(self):
        return self.width * self.height

def perimeter(self):
        return 2 * (self.width + self.height)

def plot(self):
    plt.plot([self.x, self.x + self.width, self.x + self.width, self.x, self.x],
        [self.y, self.y, self.y + self.height, self.y + self.height, self.y])
```



Privé VS Public

```
class Square:
    def __init__(self, x, y, side_length):
        self.x = x
        self.v = v
        self.side_length = side_length
        self. used = False
        self.__print()
    def area(self):
        return self.side_length**2
    def perimeter(self):
        return 4 * self.side_length
    def plot(self):
        plt.plot([self.x,self.x,self.x+self.side_length,square_coords[0]+self.side_length,self.x],
                 [self.y,self.y+self.side_length,self.y+self.side_length,self.y,self.y])
        self. used = True
    def __print(self):
        print("Square - Area:", self.area(), "Square - Perimeter:", self.perimeter())
square = Square(0, 0, 6)
                           Square - Area: 36 Square - Perimeter: 24
square.perimeter()
print(square.x)
square.__print()
                            AttributeError
                            AttributeError
square. used
```



Héritage

```
class Square:
    def __init__(self, x, y, side_length):
        self.x = x
        self.v = v
        self.side length = side length
        self.__print()
    def area(self):
        return self.side_length**2
    def perimeter(self):
        return 4 * self.side_length
    def plot(self):
        plt.plot([self.x,self.x,self.x+self.side_length,square_coords[0]+self.side_length,self.x],
                 [self.y,self.y+self.side_length,self.y+self.side_length,self.y,self.y])
    def __print(self):
        print("Square - Area:", self.area(), "Square - Perimeter:", self.perimeter())
```

```
class Square(MyRectangle):
    def __init__(self, x, y, side_length):
        super().__init__(x, y, side_length, side_length)

square = Square(0, 0, 6)
square.perimeter()  # Output: 24
```



Exercice



Class counting de ultralytics



https://github.com/ultralytics/ultralytics/blob/main/ultralytics/solutions/object_counter.py