



#### POLYTECHNIQUE MONTRÉAL

TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

INF[67]900E Lecture 6 – Presenting



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#### **Deliverables**

#### February 15th \*\*\* TODAY \*\*\*

- One/two page critical review of a paper
- Template on Moodle
- Evaluated on being constructive, specific, professional, structured
  - 0 to 3 points for each category

#### **February 22nd**<sup>th</sup>

- One page evaluation of another student's review
- Template on Moodle
- Evaluated out of 5 marks on having lessons present, lessons missing, general feedback

#### February 29nd<sup>th</sup>

- NSERC proposal, one page text, one page references
- Must fit NSERC presentation guidelines (see Moodle)
- Evaluated on structure and clarity, through peer review



#### Last Lecture

- 1. Paper structure
- 2. Disseminating (partially)



### This Lecture

- 1. Presenting
- 2. Disseminating your work



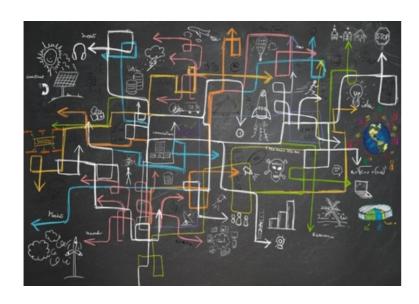


#### Problem





### Many Presentations Need Improvement





We don't have time / energy for bad presentations!

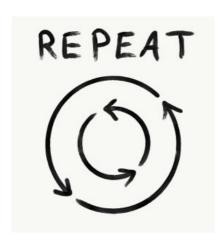




## Why?



Lack of experience



Lack of practice



Lack of guidance





## **Impact**



Better presentations



Happier audience





## Our Approach





#### Communication Course

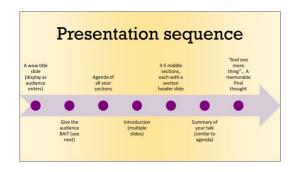
- INF6900AE Communication and Technical Communication course
- Train 20 students in reading/writing/presenting
- Gave detailed advice on presenting

Goal: Students able to deliver high-quality research presentations





### **Topics Discussed**





#### Structure

- Structure of presentation
- Narrative

#### **Visuals**

- Clear
- Colourful

#### **Oration**

- Dynamic
- Confident





#### **Evaluation / Results**





#### **Evaluation**

Students gave presentations in class

- 6 minutes + 4 Q/A
- On paper they selected



- Evaluated on
  - Visual quality
  - Oratory skills
  - Time management
  - Clarity in presenting/Q&A





### Results





Strong grades across class





## Discussion and Takeaways





#### Discussion

#### **Pros**

 Delivering presentation advice made students feel more confident

#### Cons

 Need more iteration on presentations for improvement

- Main takeaway: Explicit guidance needed
- Future work: Improve teaching slides



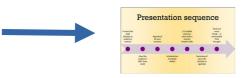


#### Conclusion

## **Teaching INF6900AE Communication class**













**Content Visuals Oration** 

Strong student grades

• Main takeaway: Explicit guidance needed

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### How to Give a Killer **Presentation**

Lessons from TED by Chris Anderson

https://hbr.org/2013/06/how-to-give-a-killer-presentation

- Frame Your Story
- Plan Your Delivery
- Develop Stage Presence
- Plan the Multimedia
- Putting It Together





# What It Takes to Give a **Great Presentation**

by Carmine Gallo

https://hbr.org/2020/01/what-it-takes-to-give-a-greatpresentation

- Great presenters use fewer slides and fewer words.
- Great presenters don't use bullet points.
- Great presenters enhance their vocal delivery.
- Great presenters create "wow" moments.
- Great presenters rehearse.





### Content





### Presentation structure vs paper

- 1) Title
- 2) Abstract
- 3) Introduction
- 4) Background
- 5) Approach
- 6) Evaluation set-up / results
- 7) Discussion
- 8) Related Work
- 9) Conclusion

Leave out the detail/boring parts!





#### Main parts

#### Context/Problem

- Motivate the problem
- Interest 100% audience

#### Approach/Evaluation

- Report contributions
- Interest 30% audience

#### **Takeaways**

- What's main takeaway
- Interest 100% audience

Target presentation to audience

Presentation is an **advertisement/summary** for the paper

Point to the paper!
Or have backup slides

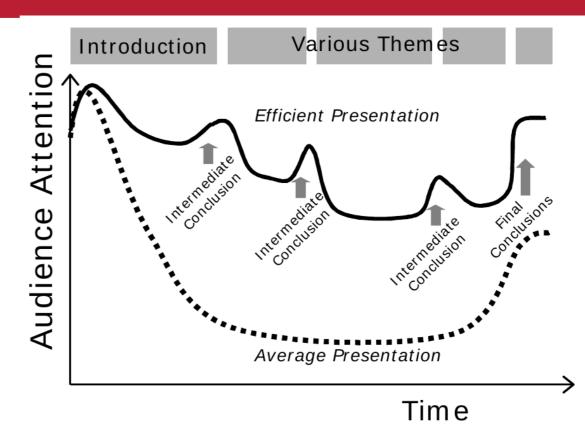




#### **Narrative**

- Humans love stories
- Have to engage audience

- Where is tension?
- Ups and downs in presentation



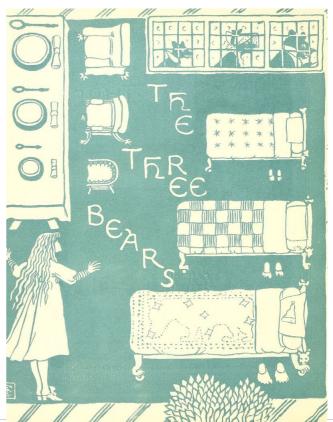
We wanted to solve important problem → We solved it Problem/resolution in approach, results, takeaways





#### Rule of Threes

- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rule\_of\_three\_(writing)
- Storytelling/jokes/slogans are better with threes
  - Liberté, égalité, fraternité
  - Friends, Romans, countrymen, lend me your ears
  - blood, sweat and tears
- Lesson: Use threes (sections, elements) wherever possible







## Visuals





### Cognitive complexity



- Critical principles:
  - Every word (written or spoken) must be processed by audience
  - Audience cannot listen and read at same time
  - Audience has finite attention battery, do not waste it!





## Minimizing

- Minimal text, bullet points, remove words like 'the'
  - When speaking, construct speech around sentence
- 5-7 objects on slide
- Contrasting colours for readability
- Avoid inconsistent spacing/fonts







### **Images**

Make sure you have the copyright to images

Few images, simple and colourful







### Zen Presentation







#### Zen Presentation



- Have only a few images, no text
- Audience listens to oration
- Pros:
  - Focuses attention
  - Talk doesn't exist without context
- Cons:
  - Speaker must be very good
  - Slides are useless after





### Signposting

- Tell the audience where they are
- Guide them through presentation

Problem → Approach → Evaluation → Conclusion

Longer talk needs more signposting





## Any Questions?





## Any Questions?

- Don't do this!
- Put a summary of presentation on last slide
- Example in next slide



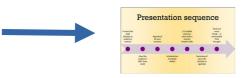


#### Conclusion

#### **Teaching INF6900AE Communication class**













**Strong student grades** 

**Visuals Oration** Content

Main takeaway: Explicit guidance needed

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## **Orating**





## You are the expert!

- Nobody else knows your research
- You are the expert, your time to talk, everyone else must listen

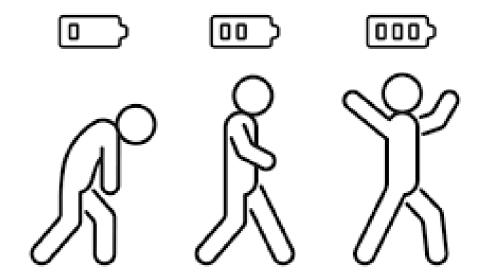
- Important principles
  - Everyone wants you to succeed
  - Fake it until you make it
  - Orating is very human activity





## Keep attention!!

- Have to keep everyone's attention from moment one
- Pause before you start
- Bring slightly higher energy than audience
- Don't worry if people stop paying attention
  - If too noisy, ask if there's a question







#### Voice

- Loud and strong
- Project to the back
- (Almost) can't be too loud
- Dynamic
  - Ups and down variety
  - Pitch (high/low)
  - Tempo (fast/slow)
  - Tone (questioning/command)
- Remove fillers (um, uh)
  - Instead, simply pause







## Body



• Good posture



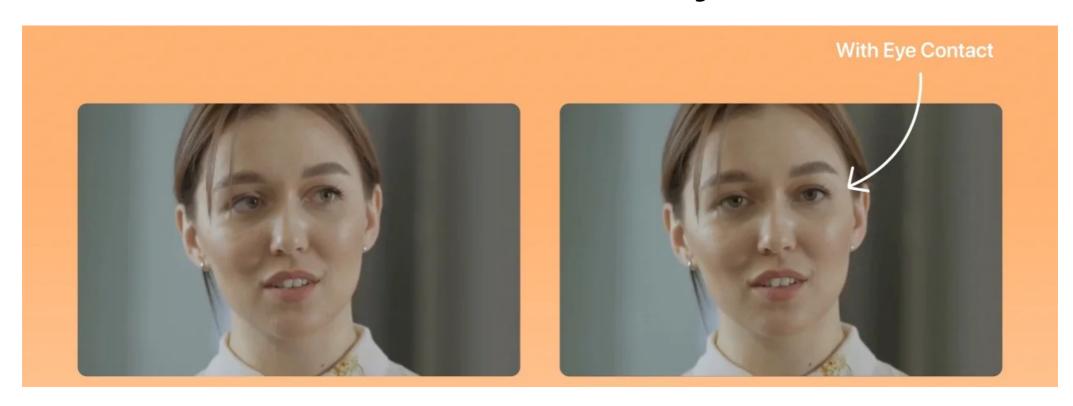
- Expressive handsUse space around body





## Eye contact

Look at those who are listening







### What to wear

- "Business casual"
  - Sweaters, collared shirtsNicer shoes









### What to bring

- Bottle of water
- Laser pointer
- Pencil/pad for notes
- Maybe using laptop for presentation
- Power cord, all display settings set, appropriate ports





## Examples





#### Three Minute Thesis

Search Youtube for Three Minute Thesis

"participants present their scholarly and creative activity and its wider impact in 3 minutes or less.

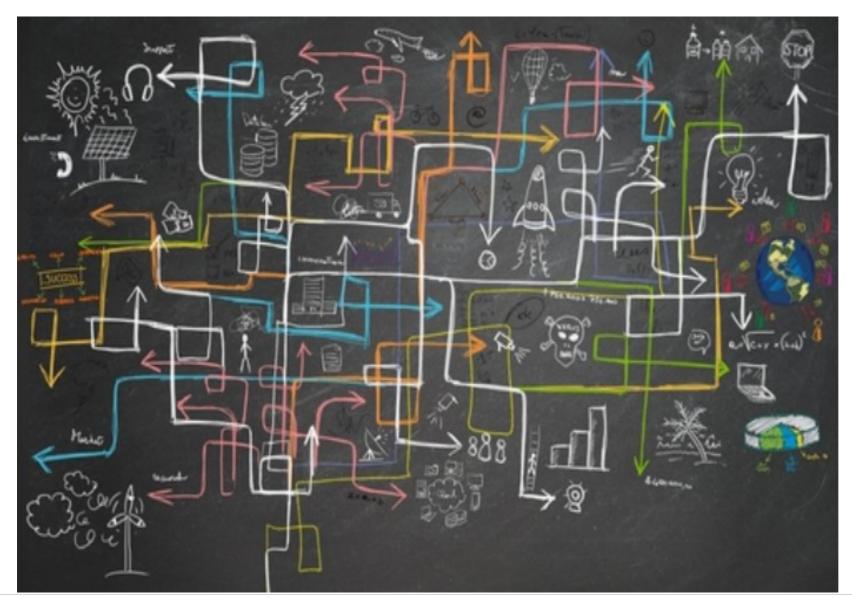
The challenge is to present complex research in an accessible and compelling way with the assistance of only static slide."

- Three Minute Thesis (3MT) 2011
   Winner Matthew Thompson
- https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=pvjPzsLIyGw

- 2014 International Trans Tasman 3
   Minute Thesis Competition – Siti Aimi
   Sarah Zainal Abidin
- https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=nqchpRM77No







Definition 15. Typed Attributed Graph A typed attributed graph is a 7-tuple  $(VG, VD, EG, ENA, EEA, (sj, tj)) \in \{G, NA, EA\}, \tau$  where:

- VG and EG are the sets of vertices and edges for the graph;
- VD is a finite set of data vertices;
- (sG, tG) is a pair of functions sG: EG → VG and tG: EG → VG that respectively provide the source and target vertices for each edge in the graph







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