

RDDM

Research Design Development Management

Turbomachinery Lecture Series

Module 00 – Masters Introduction Gas Turbine Engine Design & Development

Presented to - Présenté at

Polytechnique Montréal

AER4270: Propulsion Aéronautique

MEC6615: Théorie avancée de turbomoteurs

MEC8250: Turbomachines

Carleton University

AERO 4402: Aerospace Propulsion

05 October 2020 – 05 Octobre 2020

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Adjunct Professor at Polytechnique Montreal: AER4270 & MEC6615

Adjunct Professor at Carleton University: AERO 4402

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Some words of wisdom

The most dangerous phrase in the language is,
"We've always done it this way."

- Rear Admiral Grace Murray Hopper

Some words of wisdom

“Simple methods with empirical input are still needed for the mean-line design, and it is often emphasized by experienced designers that if the one-dimensional design is not correct then no amount of CFD will produce a good design”

- Denton

Who am I → always busy

20+ years in Aerospace



Engineering Quality
Project Management
University Lecturer

Gas Turbines
Airplanes
Software

Research & Development
Multi-Disciplinary Engineering
Design & Support

Aerospace

Gas Turbine Domain

Aviation

2000 – 2009

Pratt & Whitney Canada

2010 – 2019

Bombardier Aerospace

2010 – Present

Polytechnique Montreal

2019 – Present

Carleton University

2019 - Present

RDDM

Research Design Development Management

Airbus Canada

Turbomachinery Lecture Series



Who am I → always learning

20+ years in Aerospace



Conference papers

Off-Design Prediction of Transonic Axial Compressors: Part 1 - Mean-Line Code and Tuning Factors

Off-Design Prediction of Transonic Axial Compressors: Part 2 - Generalized Mean-Line Loss Modelling Methodology

Education

Bachelor
2000

McGill University

Masters
2008

Concordia University

PhD
2019

Polytechnique Montreal

Transonic axial
compressors

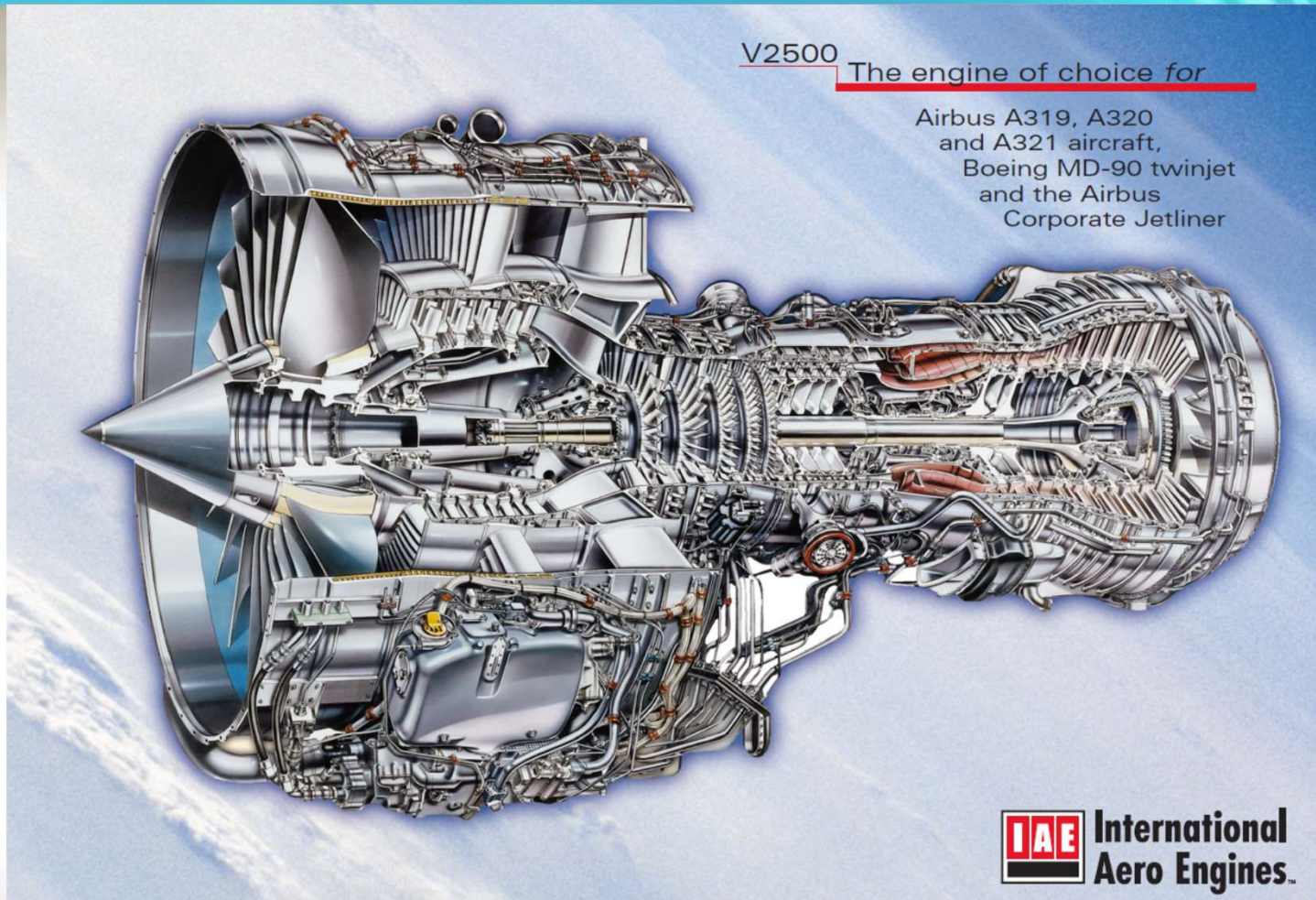
Thesis: An Off-Design Mean-Line Methodology to Predict the Missing Data of Single-Stage Transonic Axial Compressor Tests

PART ONE

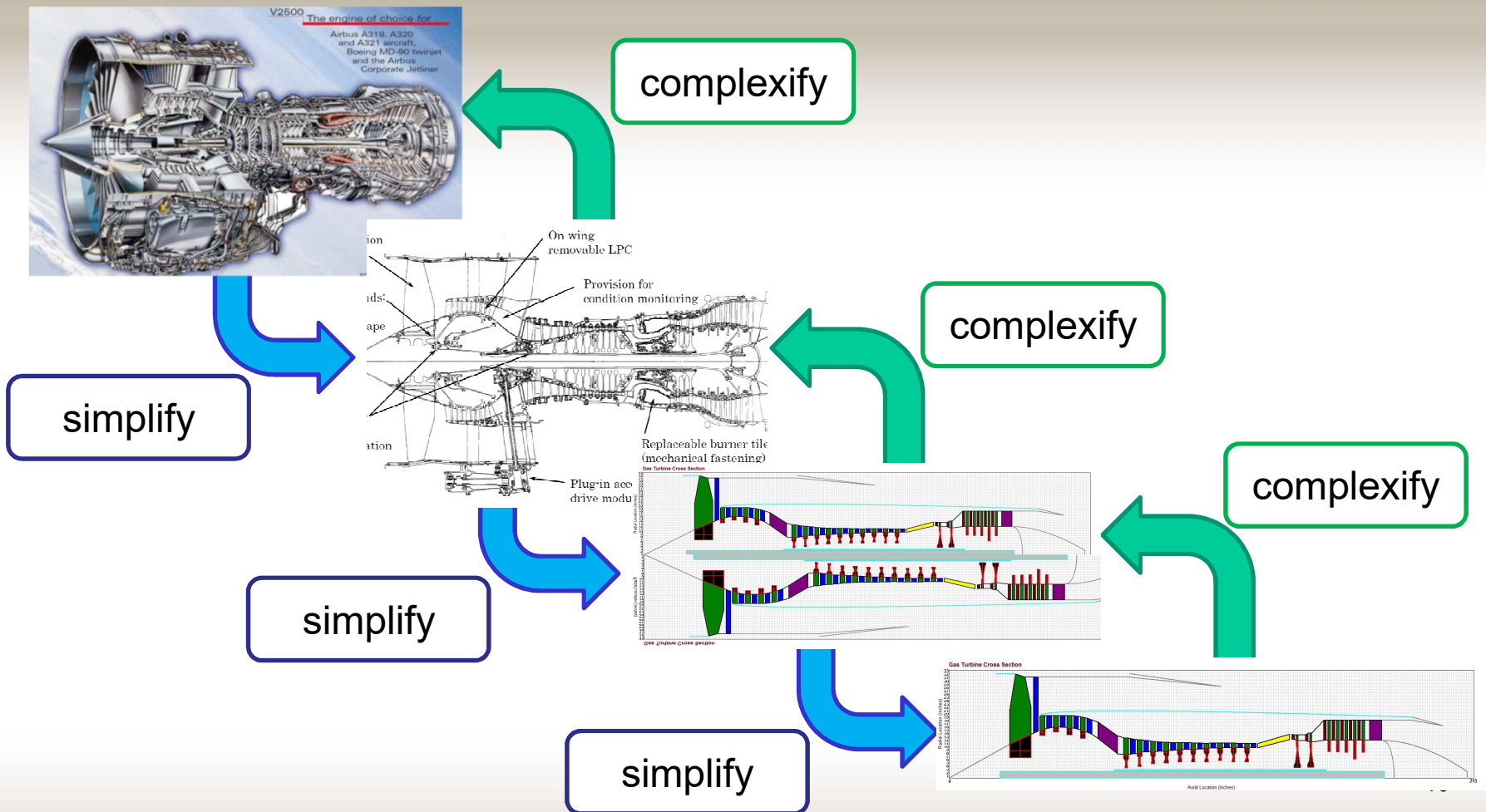
What are we talking about today?



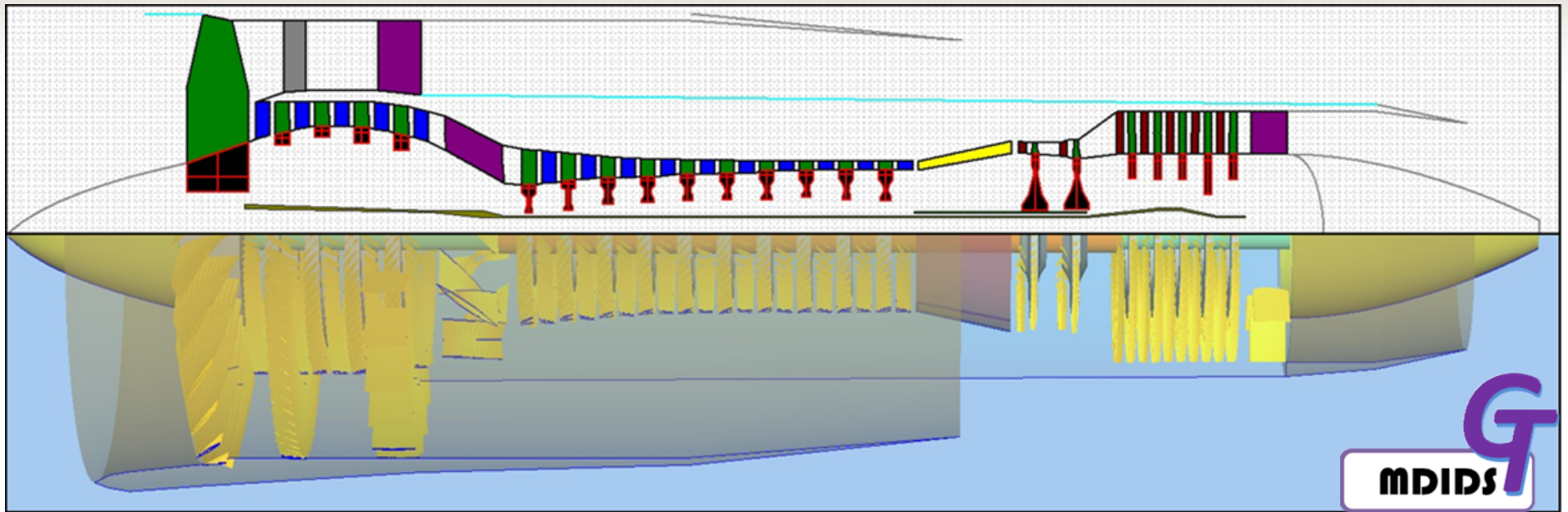
What do we have to do to get to this?



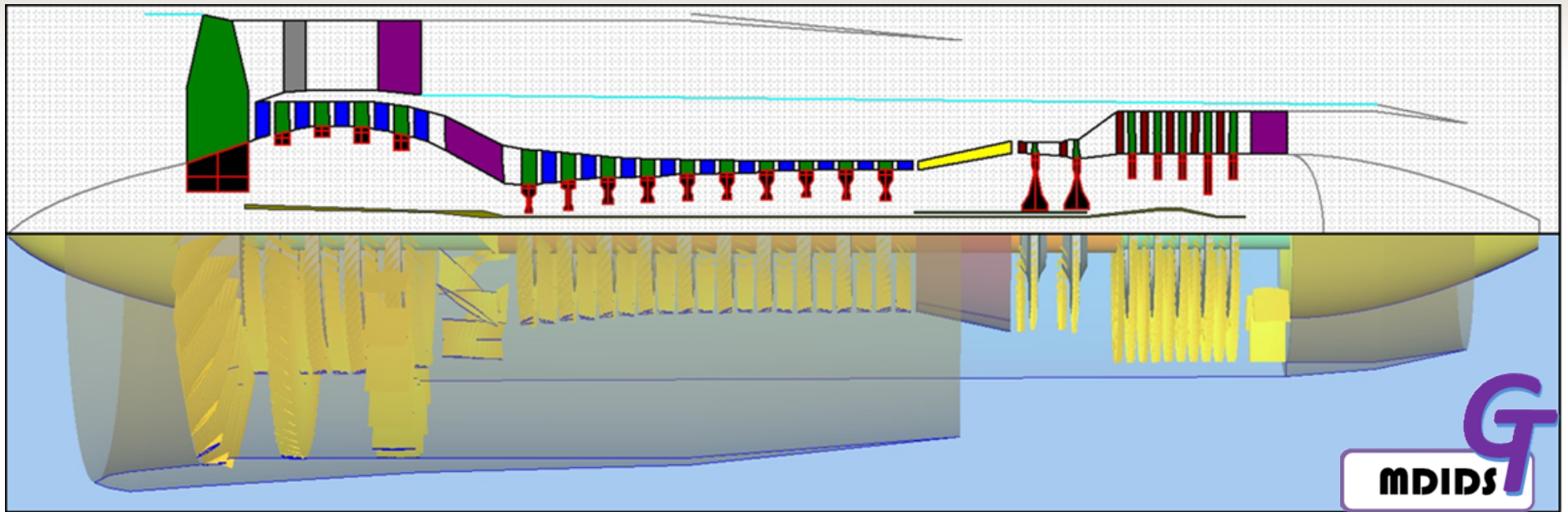
Well, we need to start with the basics



So the idea is to go from a simplified representation to the real thing.

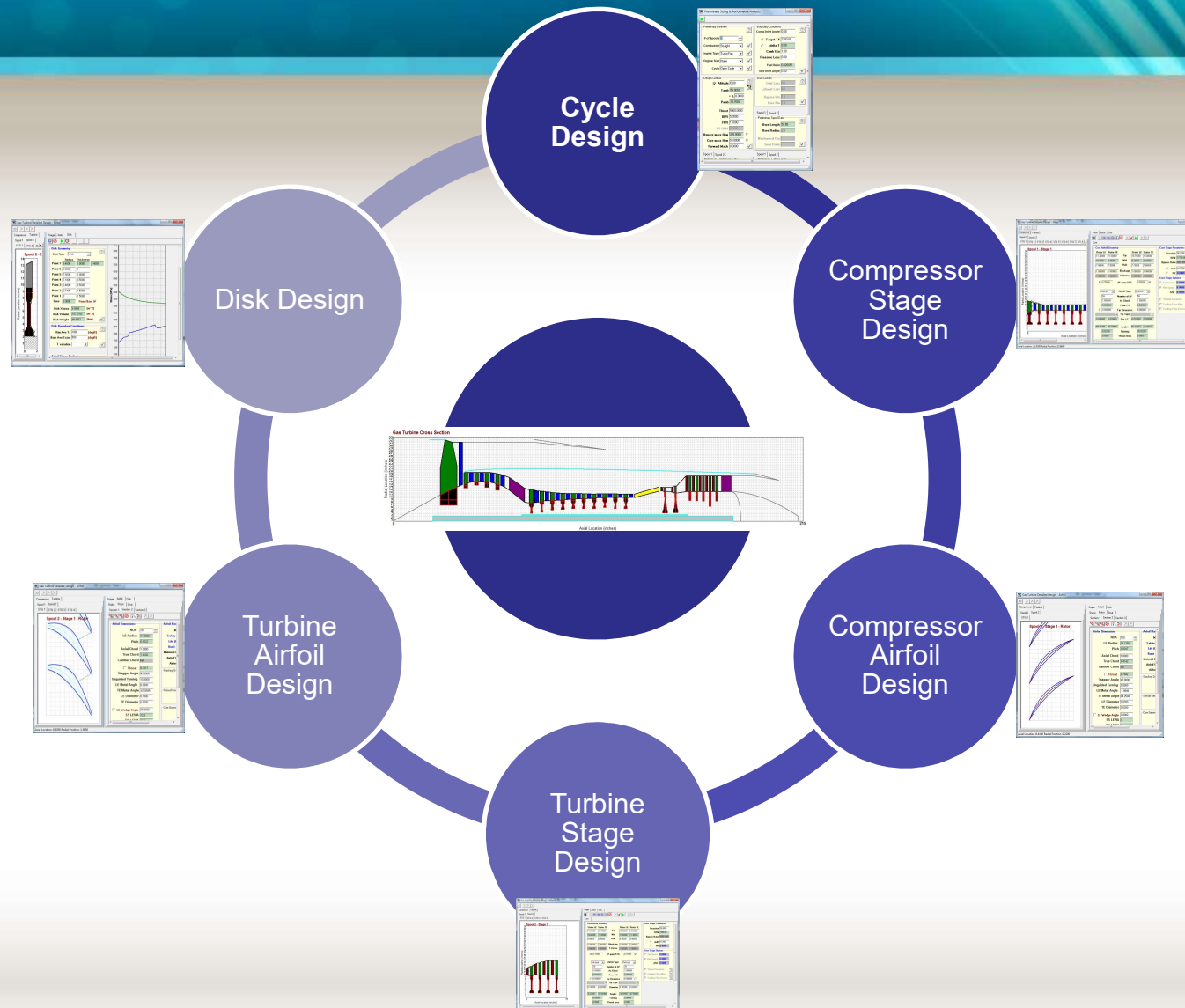


So the idea is to go from a simplified representation to the real thing.

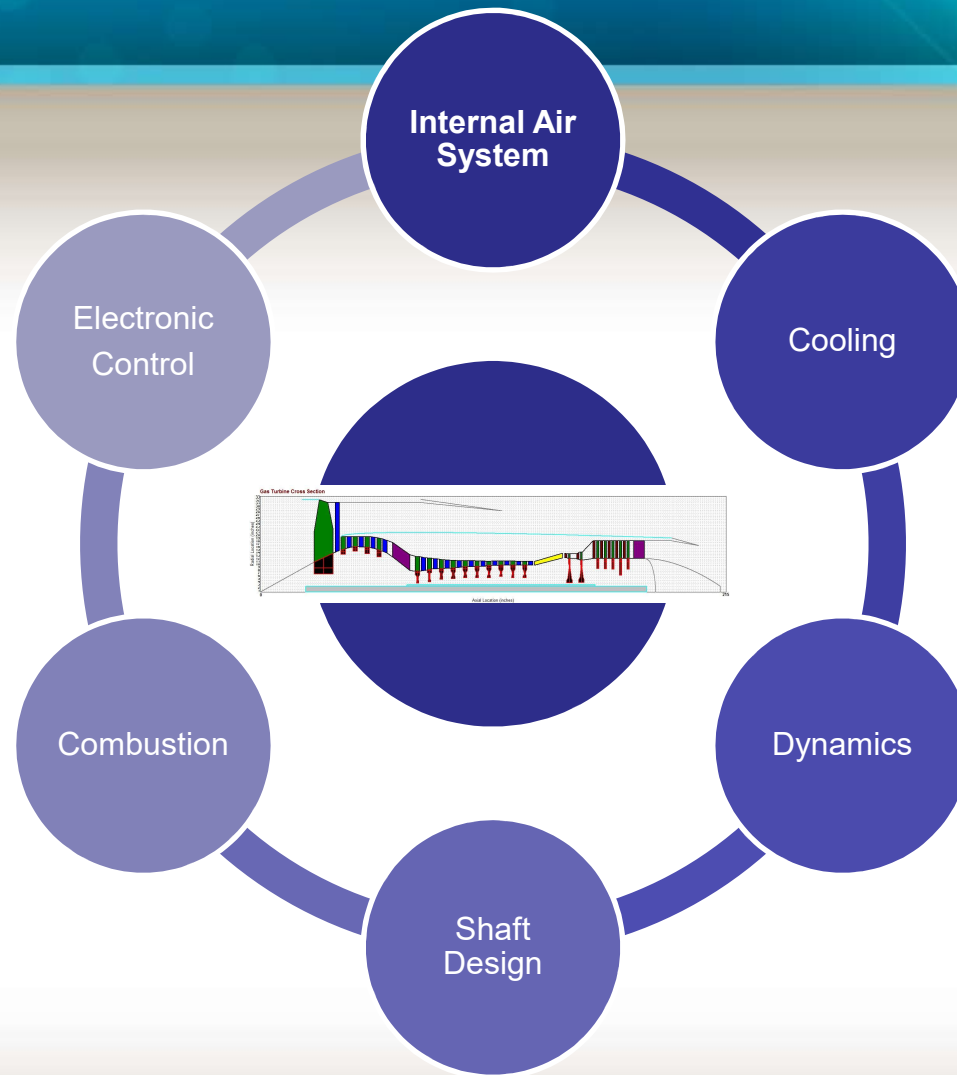


So what do we have to do?

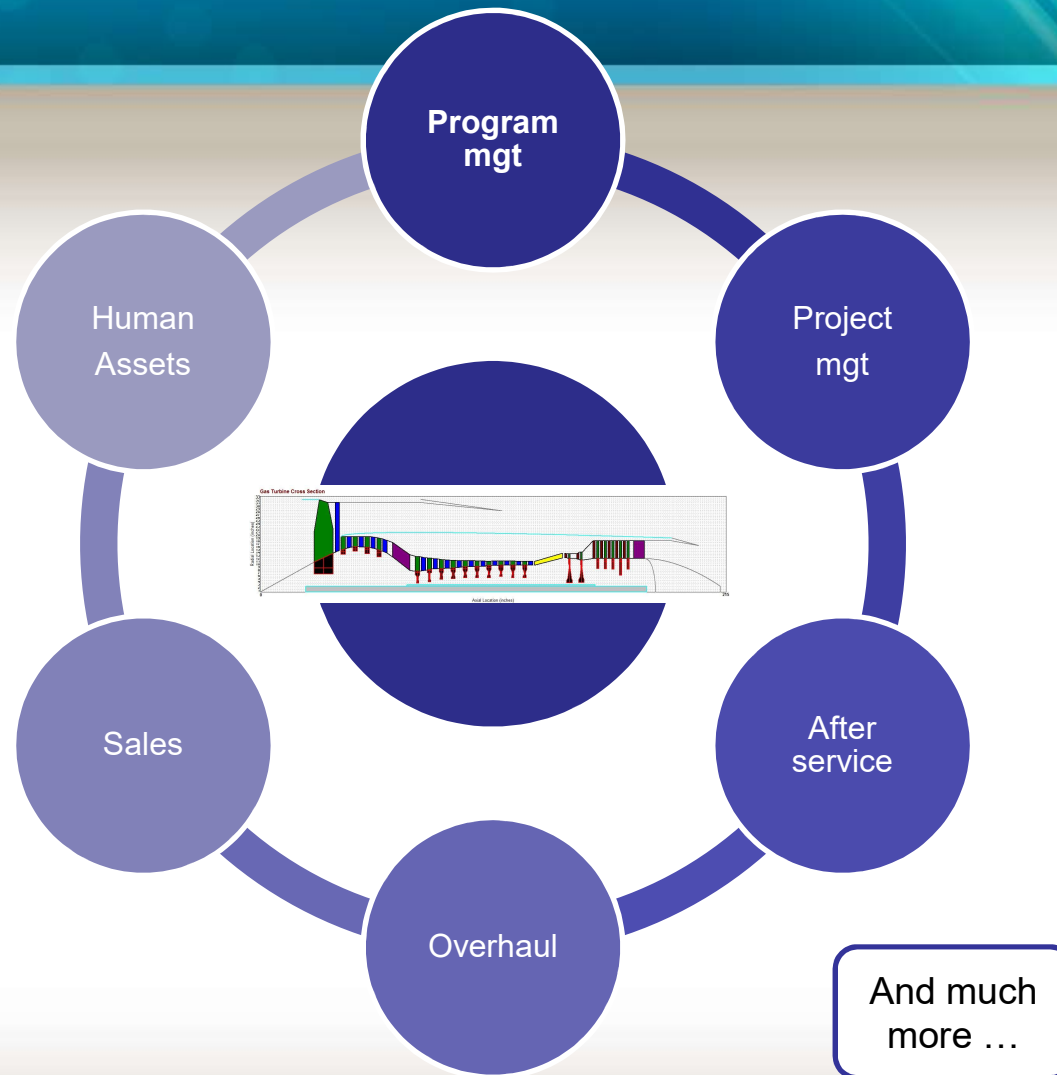
Multi-Disciplinary Design & Optimization



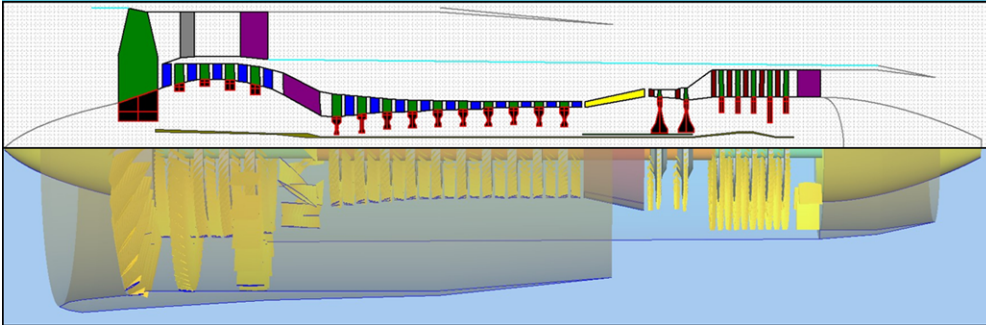
Multi-Disciplinary Design & Optimization (con't)



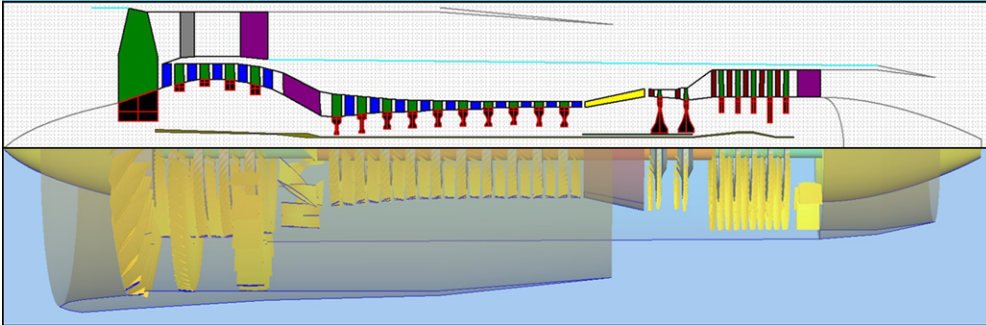
Multi-Disciplinary Design & Optimization (con't)



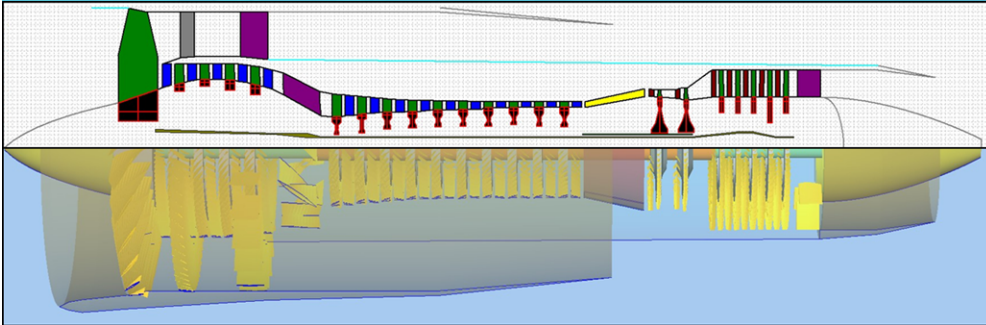
What are the 2 driving constraints?



What are the 2 driving constraints?



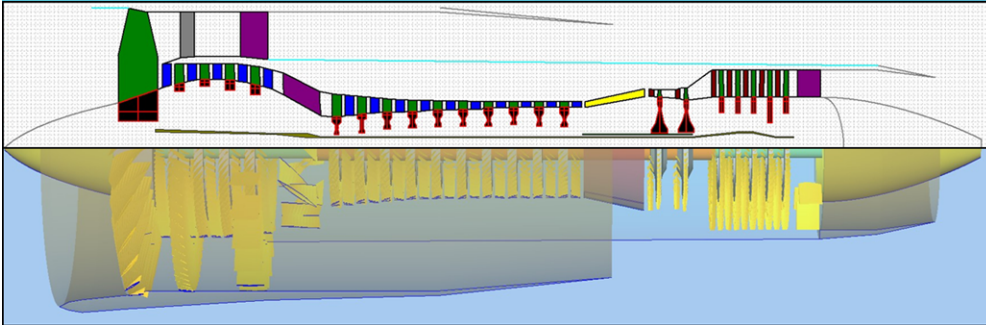
And what is the driving design parameter for a Turbofan?



The driving parameter of Turbofan

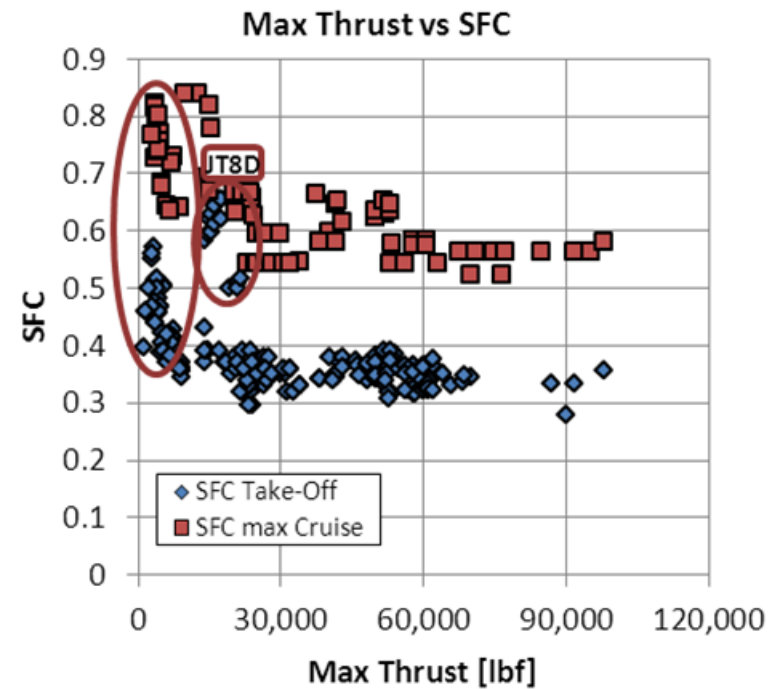
THRUST IN CONTEXT WITH 60 YEARS OF DATA

It's all about "Thrust"

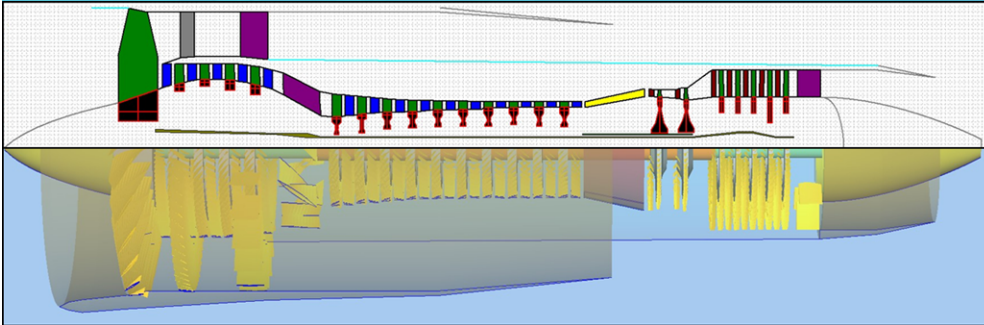


Specific Fuel Consumption
(SFC)

Our target to achieve
or do better

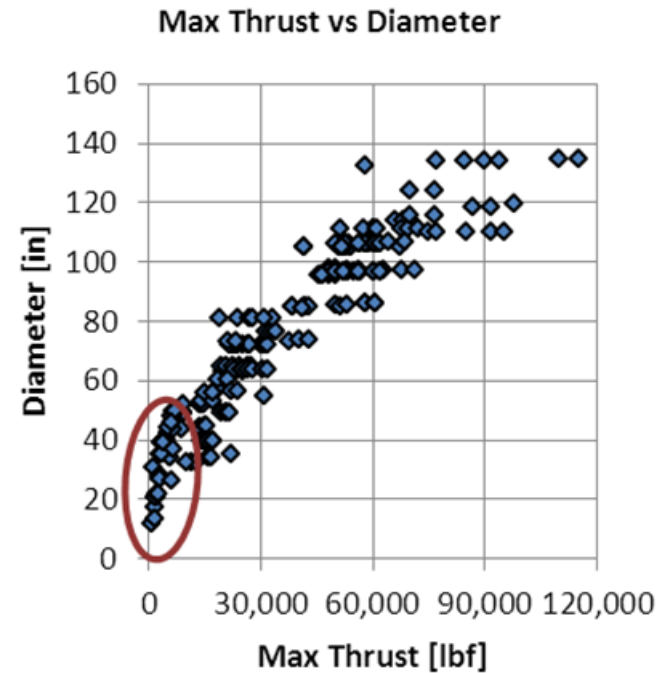


It's all about "Thrust" (con't)

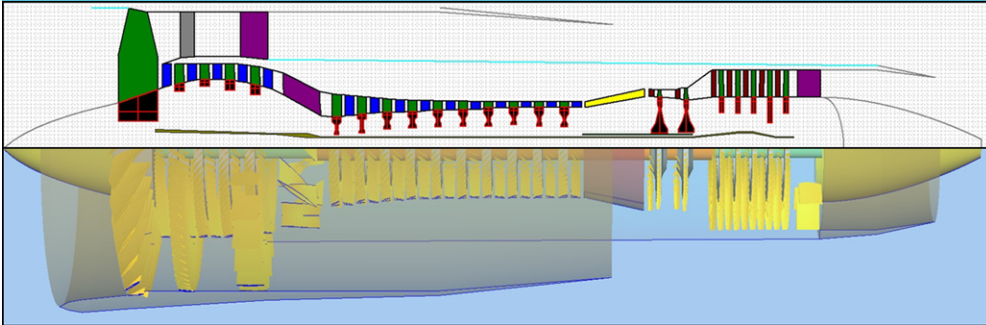


Fan diameter

Size
Weight

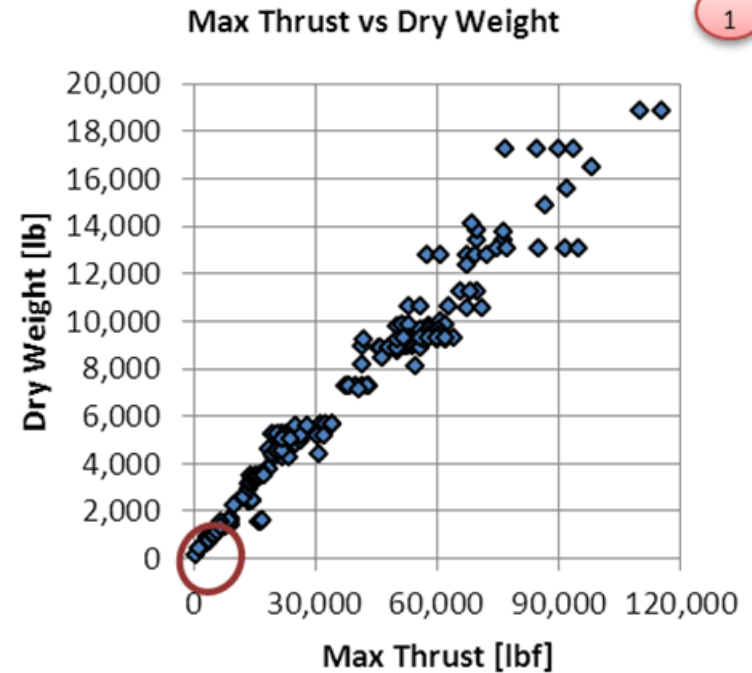


It's all about "Thrust" (con't)

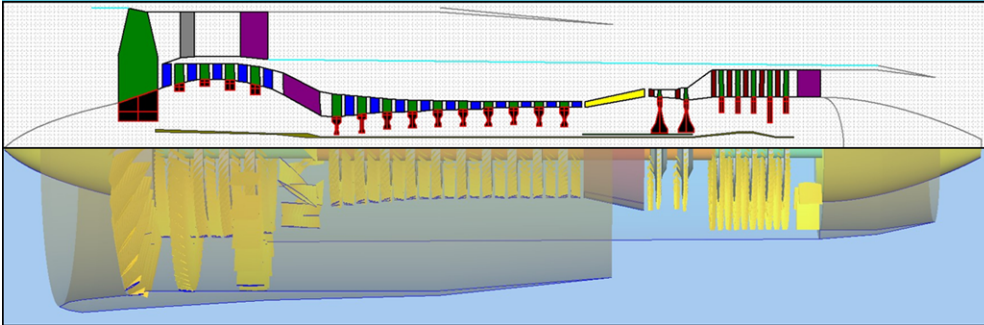


Weight

Time for a diet
and
Stay on target

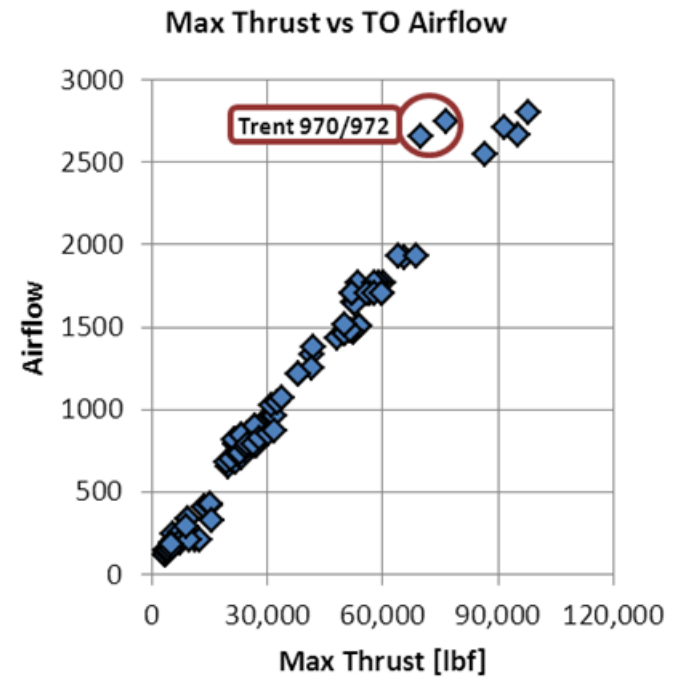


It's all about "Thrust" (con't)

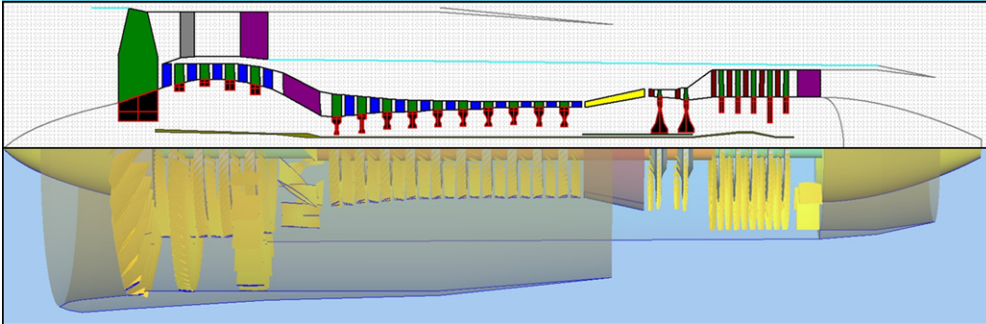


Air flow

The driving fluid
Performance

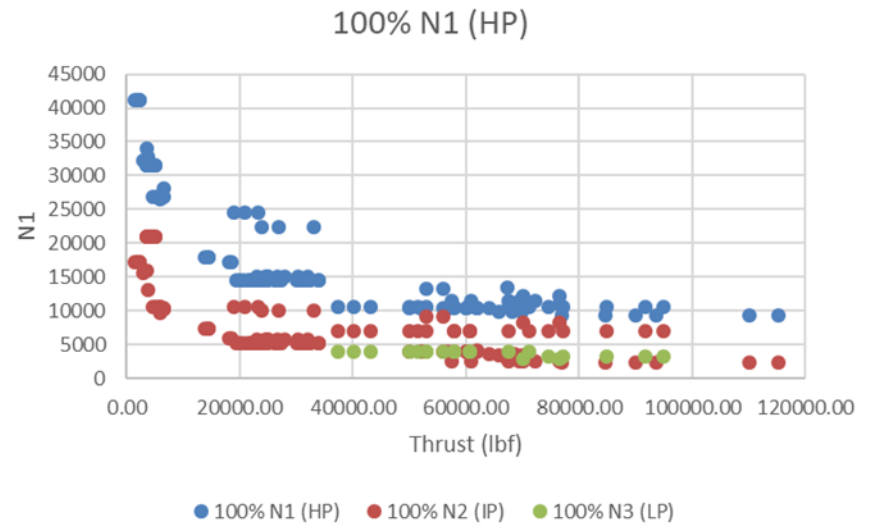


It's all about "Thrust" (con't)

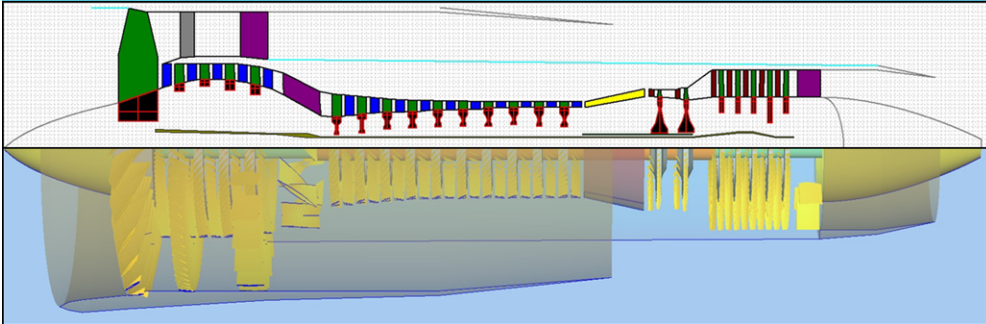


RPM

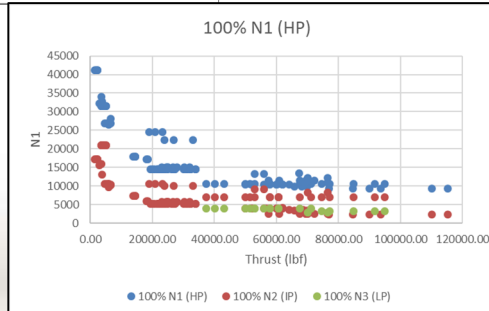
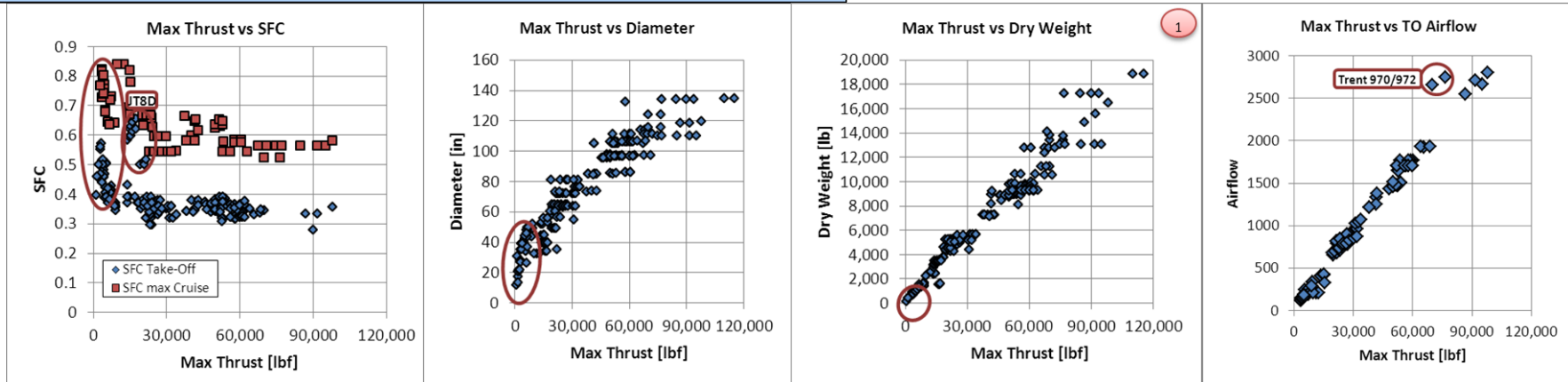
Stress
Material selection
Performance
Cost



It's all about "Thrust" (con't)



Gas turbine preliminary sizing limit & trade-off curves



The basic cross sections

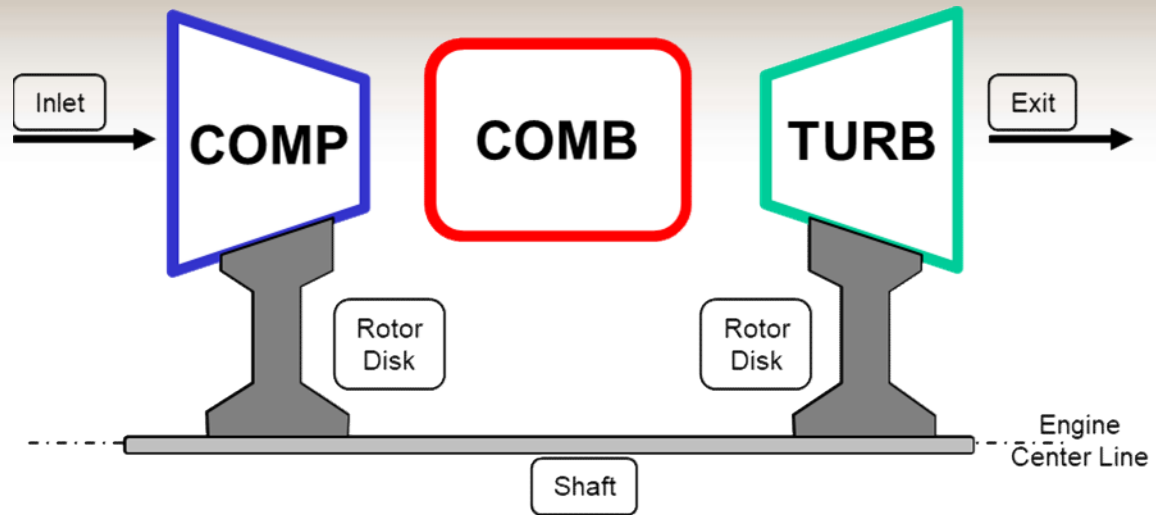
CHOOSING THE ENGINE CONFIGURATION

Choosing a configuration

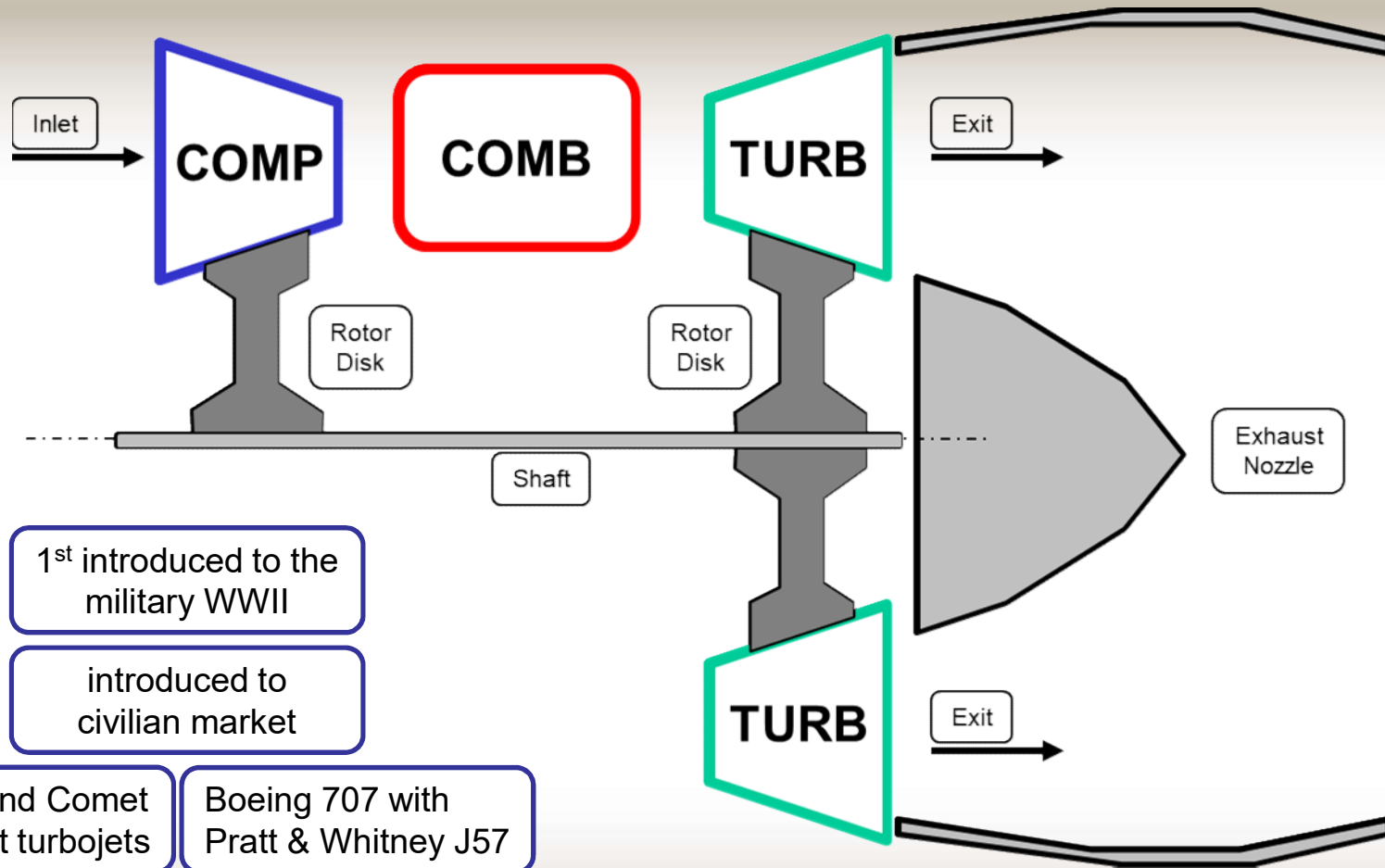
Three ingredients are required

- 1) a knowledge of different engine configurations
- 2) a historical background of existing engines
- 3) lots and lots of simulation models

The “core”



The “Grandpa to all”



1st introduced to the military WWII

introduced to civilian market

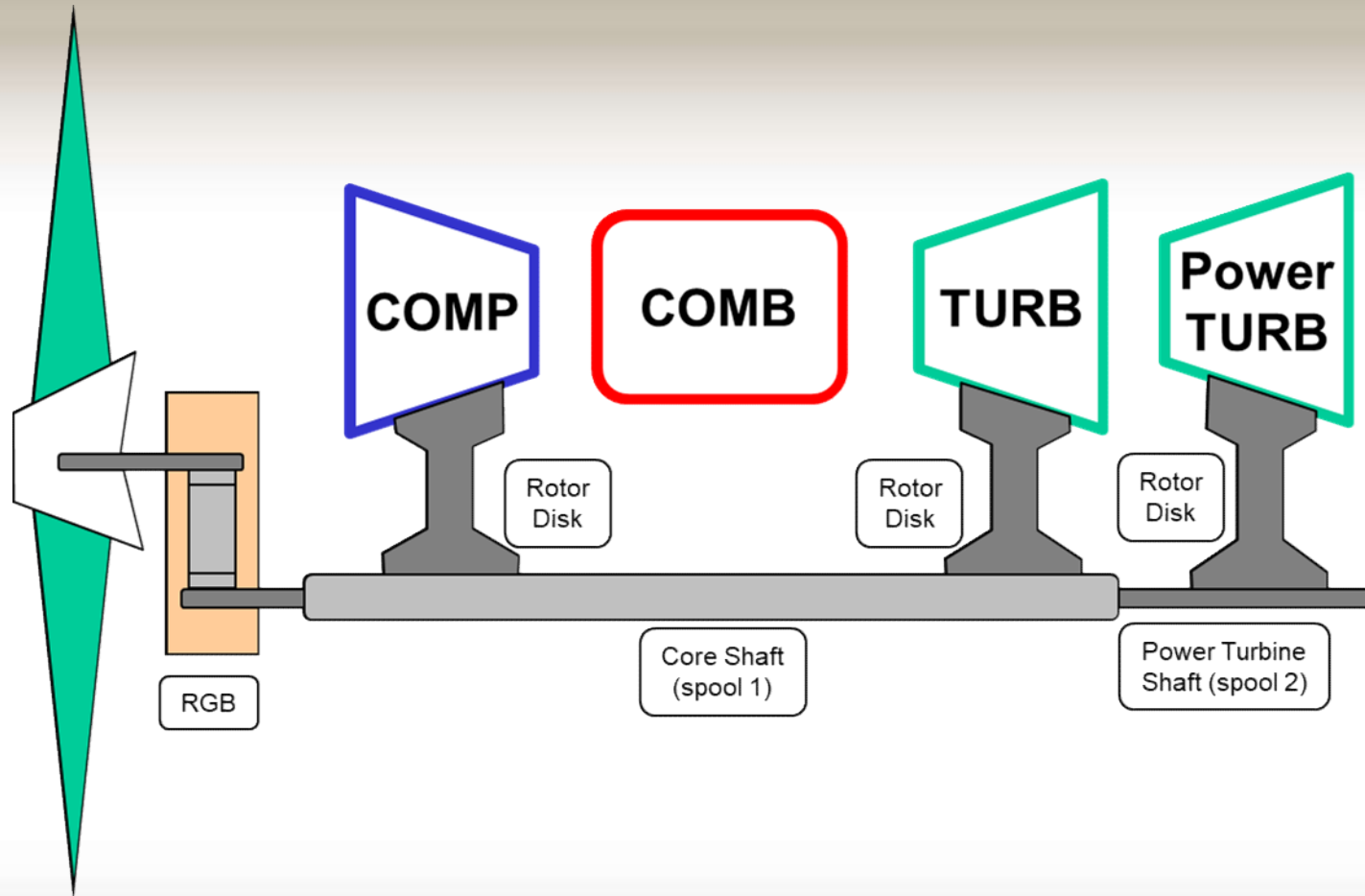
de Havilland Comet with Ghost turbojets

Boeing 707 with Pratt & Whitney J57

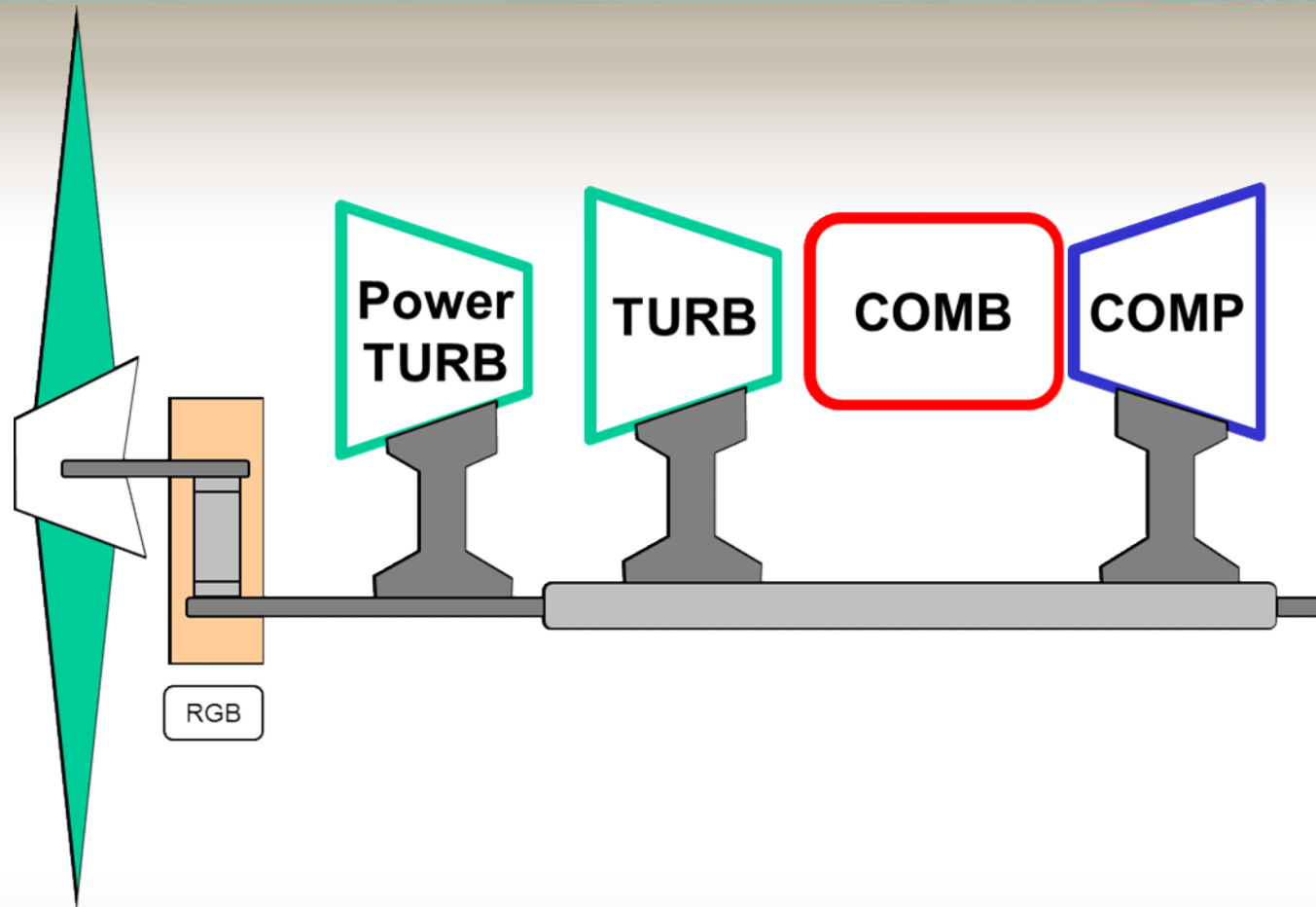
1949 / 1952

1957 / 1958

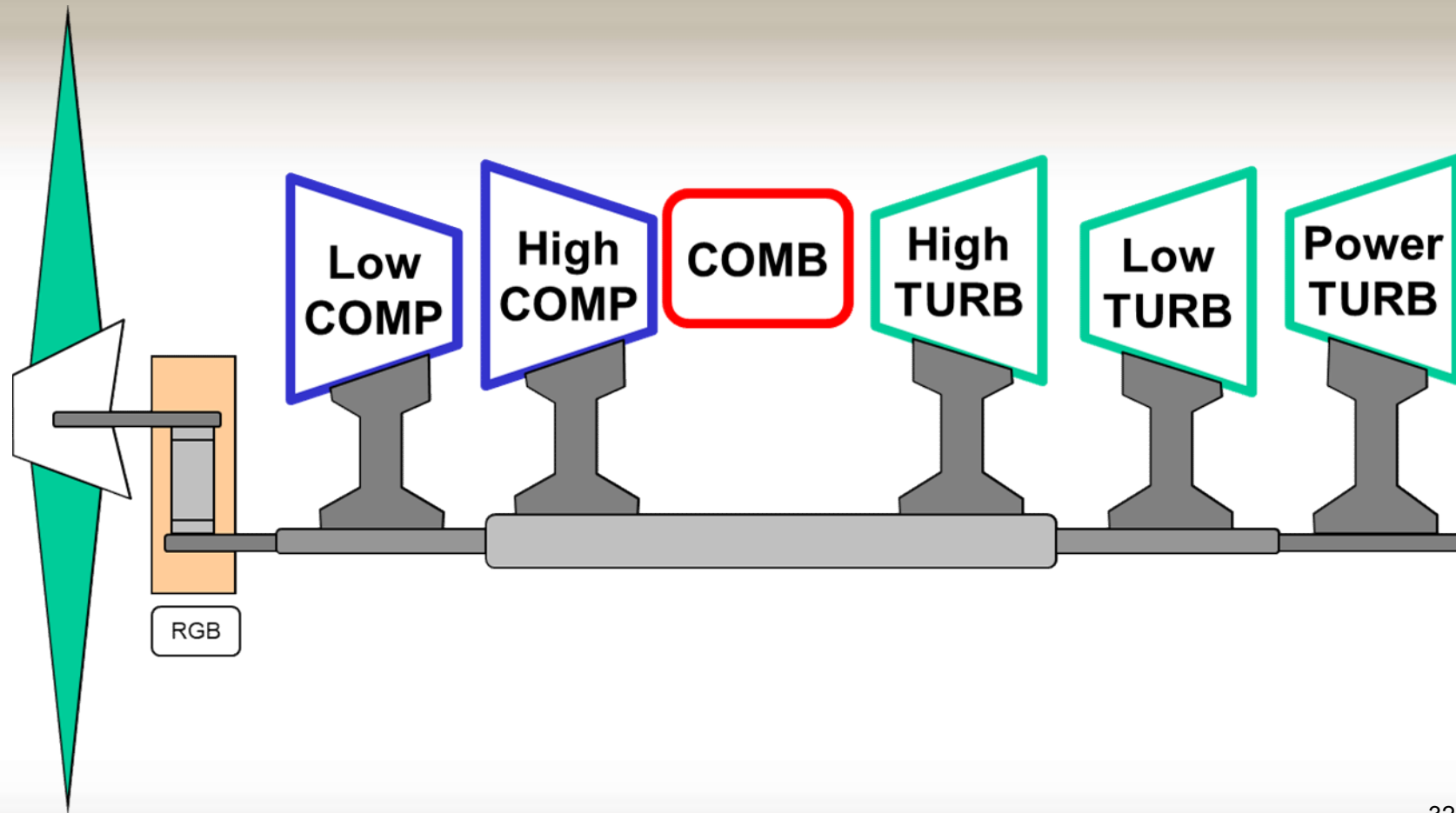
2 Spool Turbo-Prop



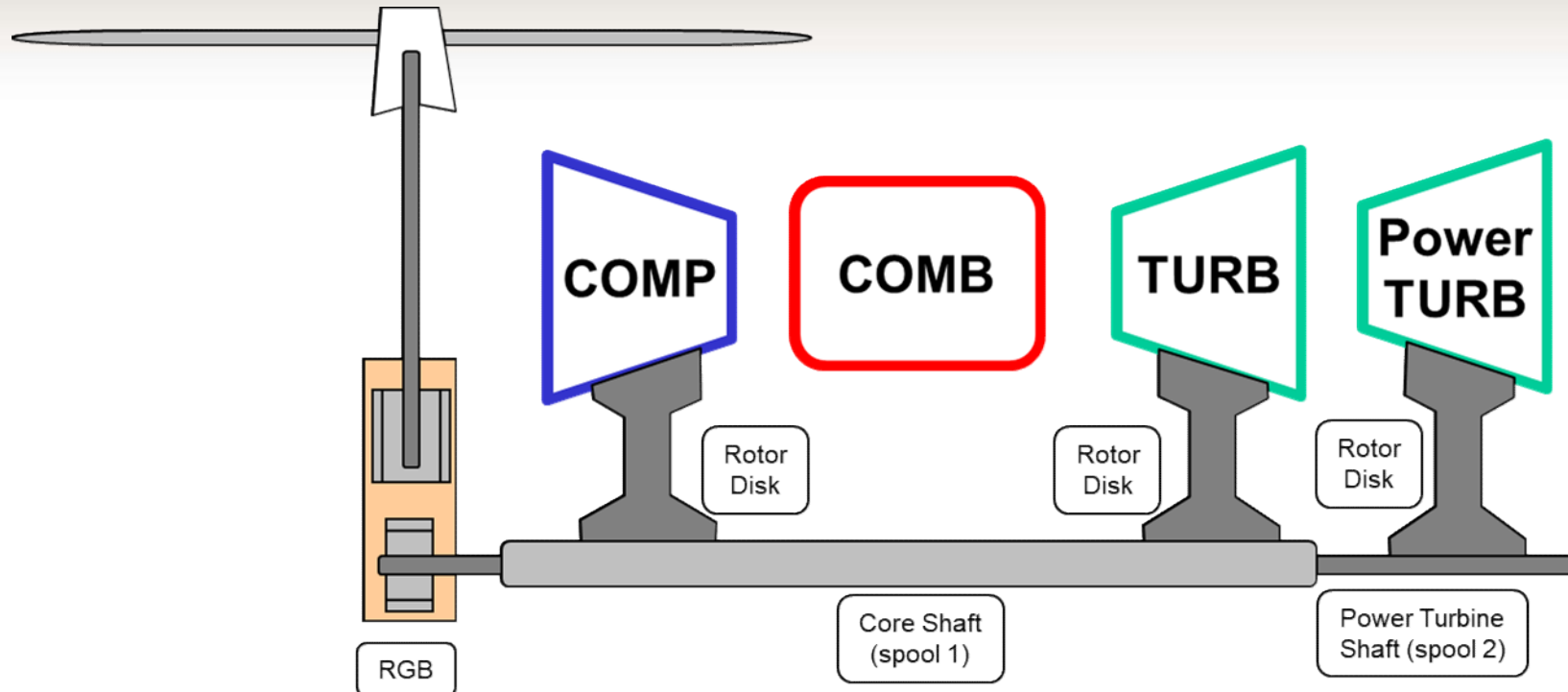
2 Spool Turbo-Prop reversed RGB



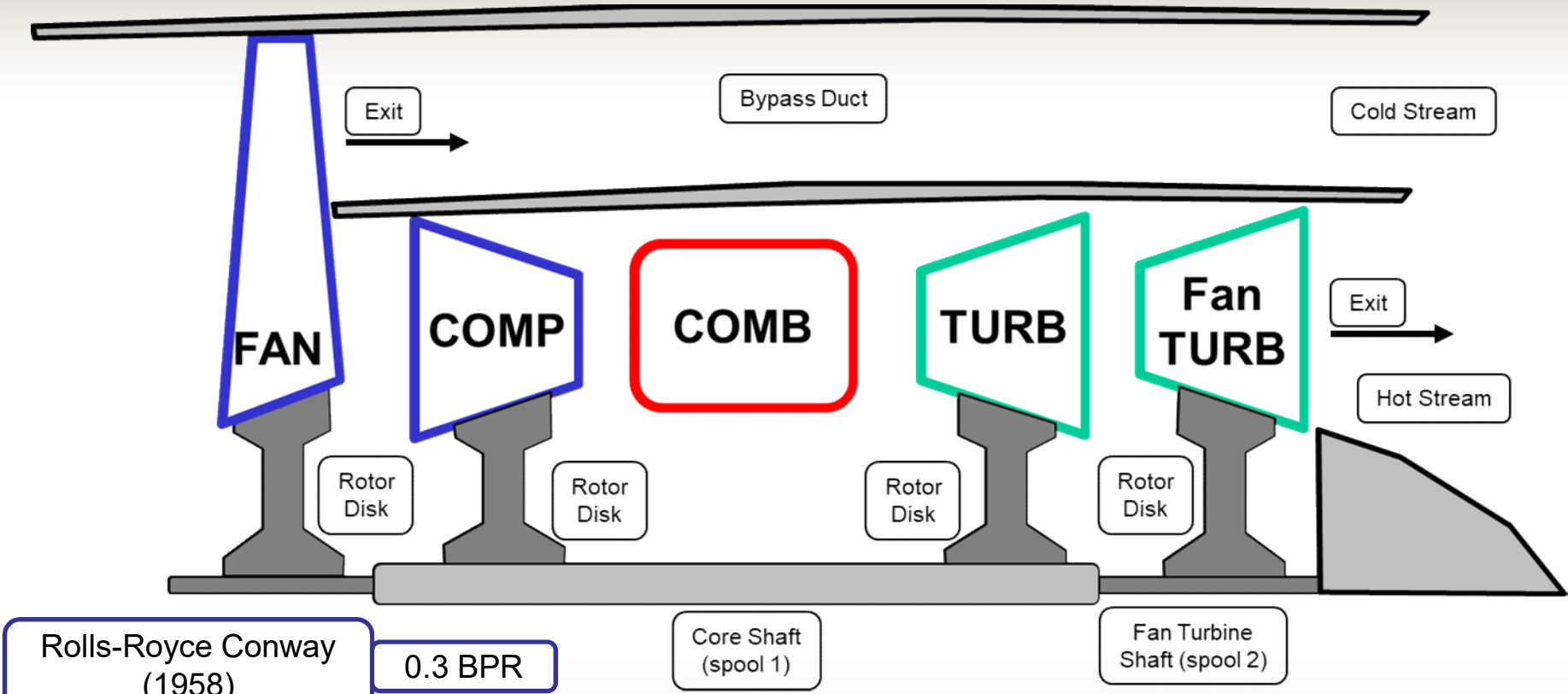
3 Spool Turbo-Prop



2 Spool Turbo-Shaft



2 Spool Turbo-Fan



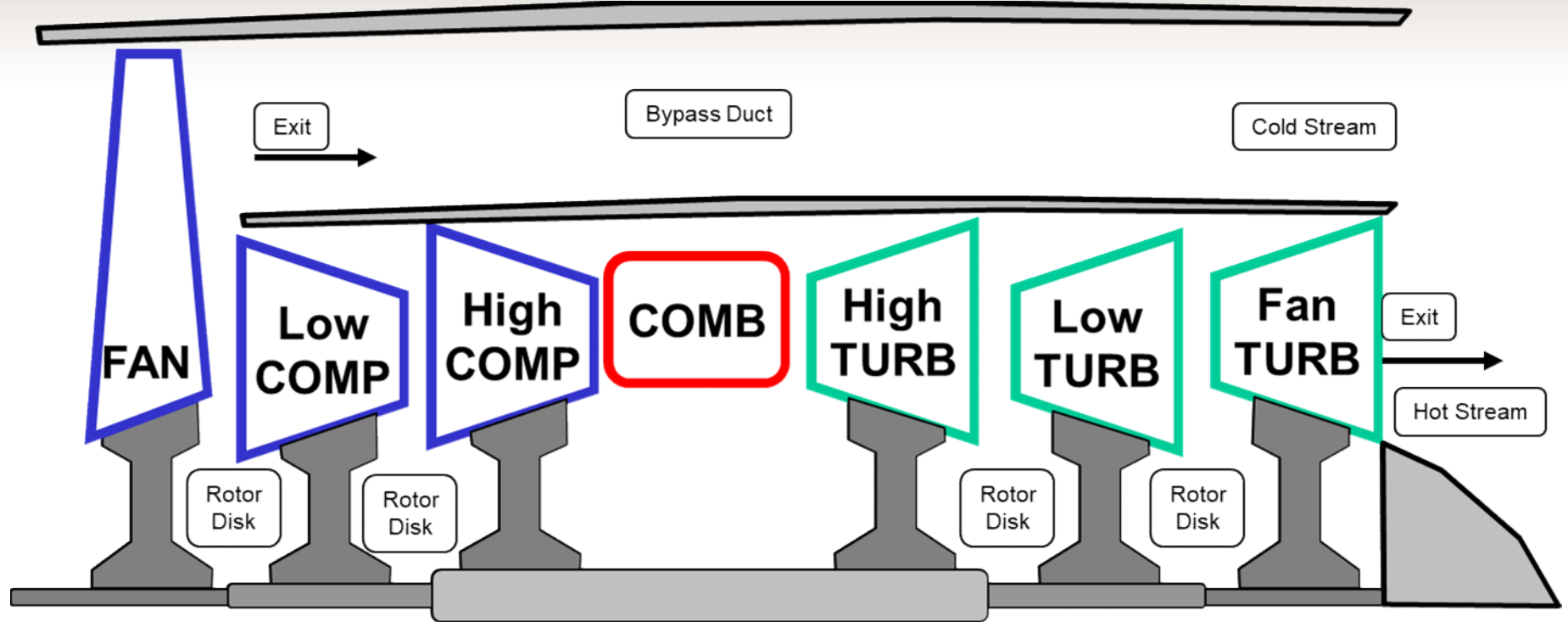
Rolls-Royce Conway
(1958)

0.3 BPR

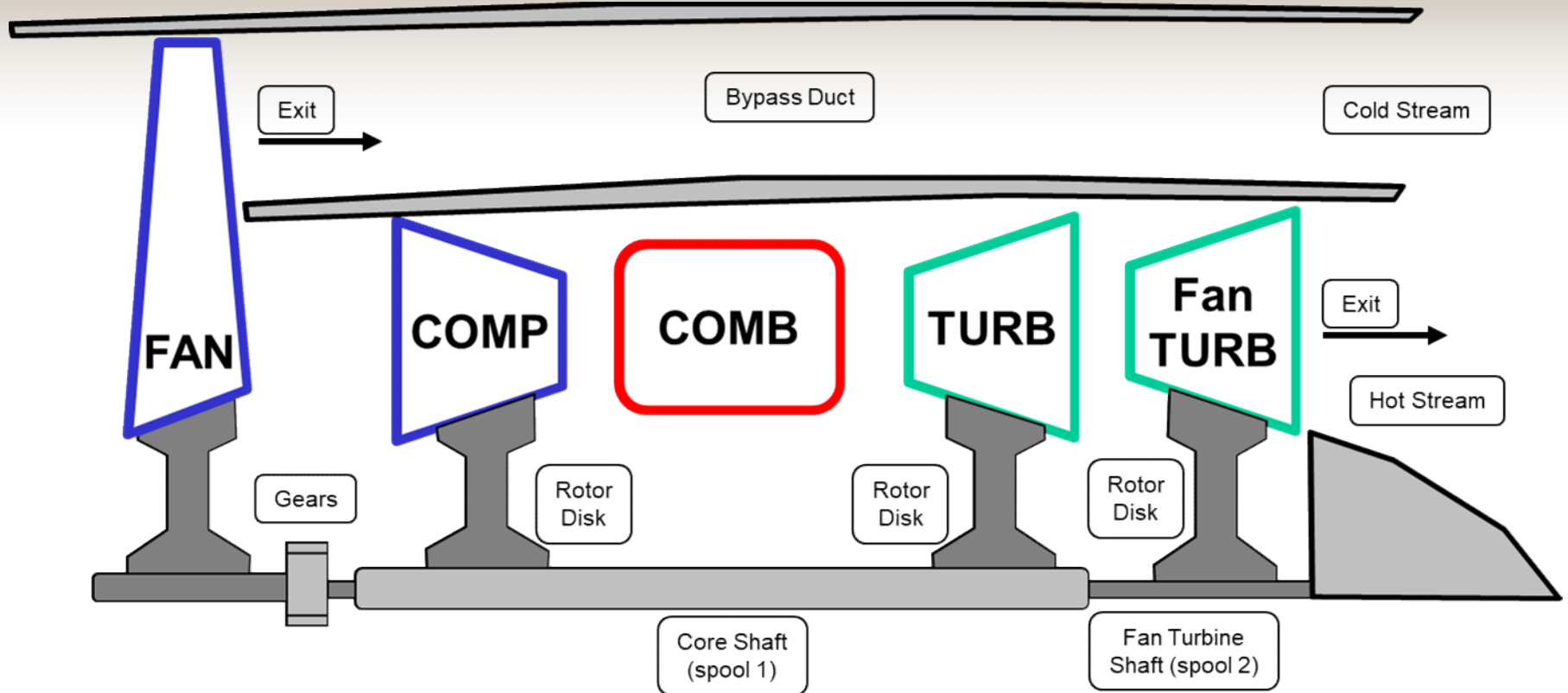
Pratt & Whitney JT3D
(1959)

1.42 BPR

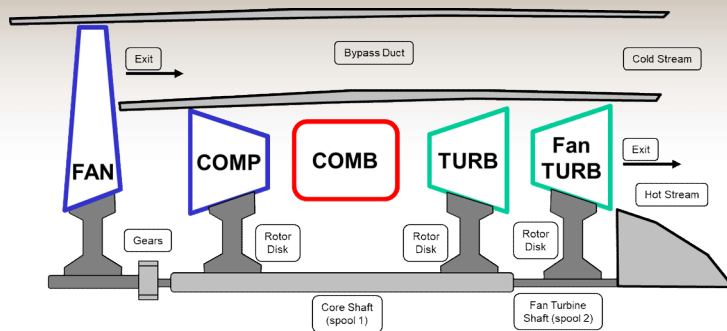
3 Spool Turbo fan



2 Spool Geared Turbo-Fan



2 Spool Geared Turbo-Fan

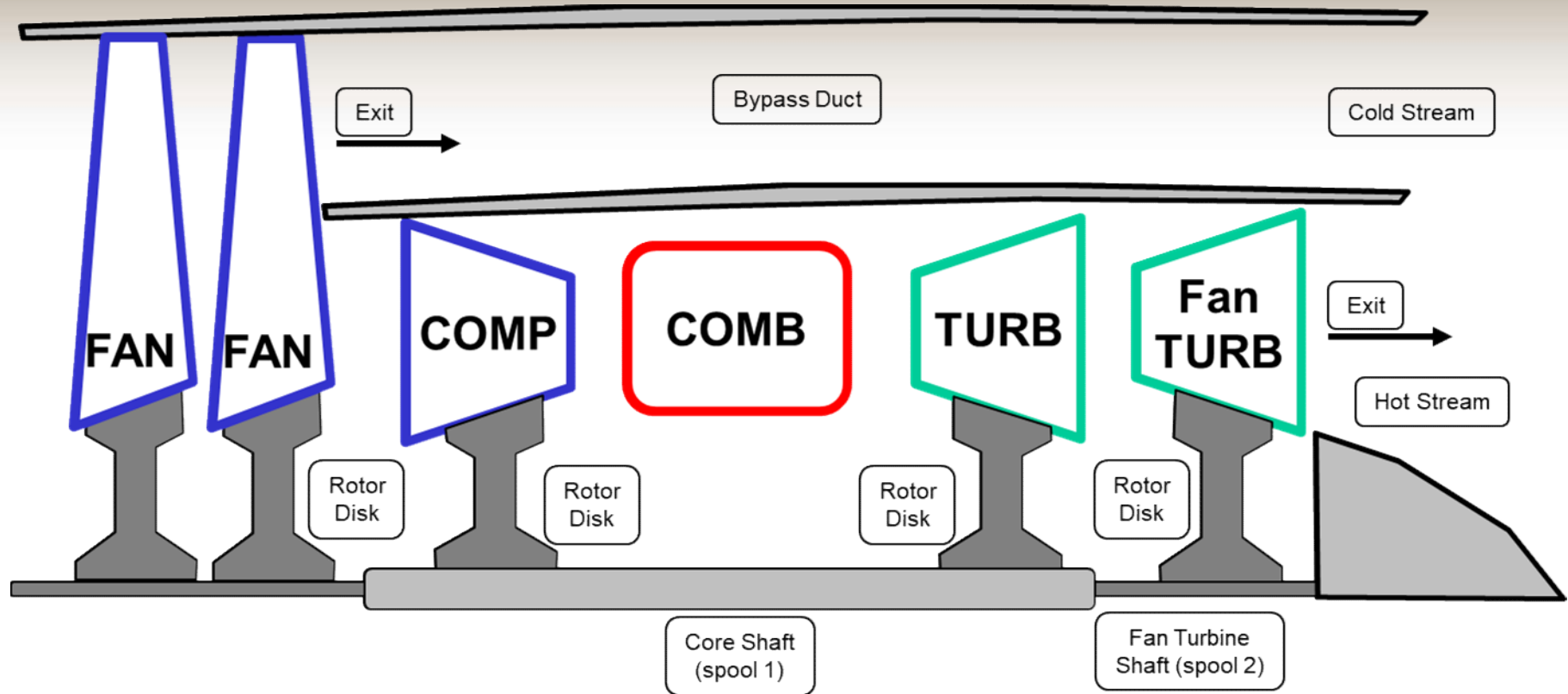


COMPANY	ENGINE	TIMEFRAME	COMMENT
Honeywell	TFE731	1972	
GE	QCSEE	1974	NASA design contract
Honeywell	ALF 502/507	1980	
IAE	SuperFan	1986	Engineering study only
Pratt & Whitney	PW1000G	2012	
United Engine Corporation	PD-30	TBD	
Rolls-Royce	UltraFan	TBD	

Is the UltraFan a reincarnation of the SuperFan? ... I wonder ...

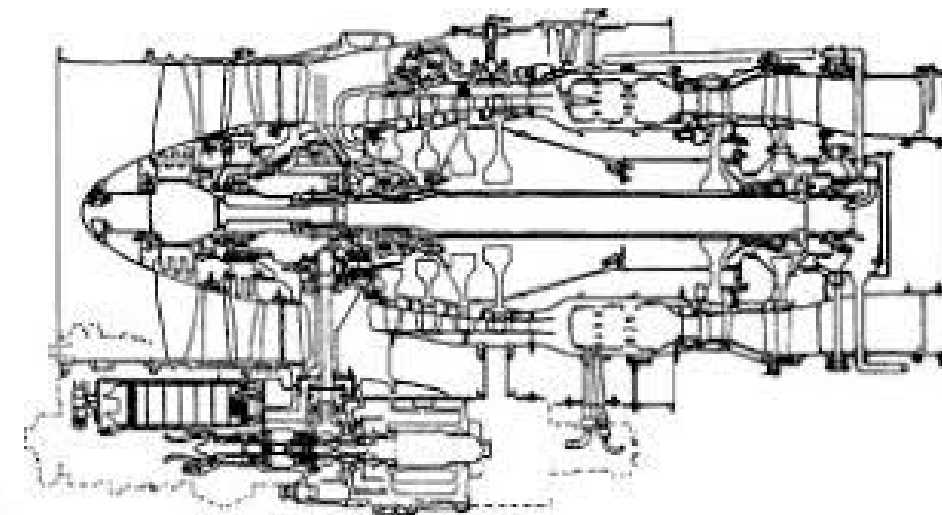
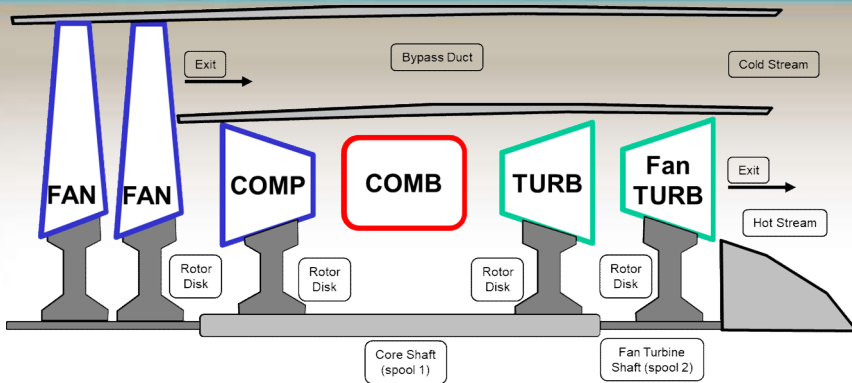
2 Spool Double-Fan Turbo-Fan

NEW in 2018
By GE



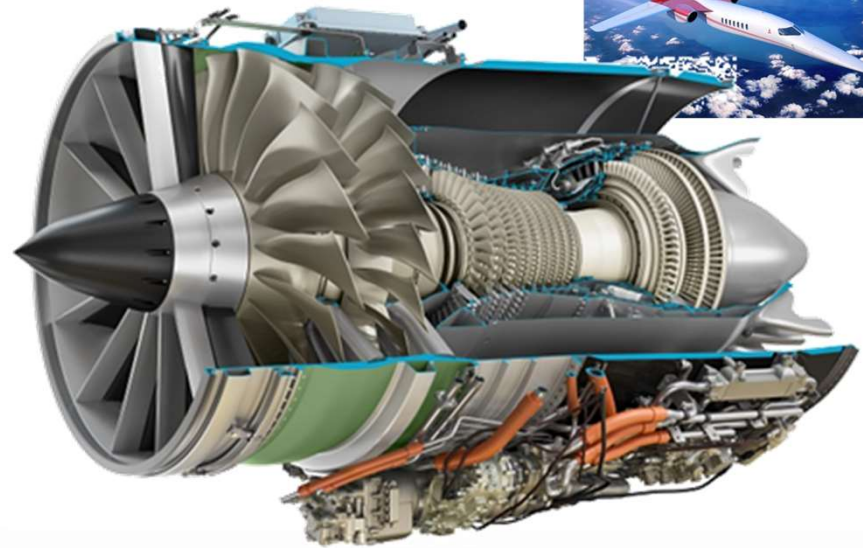
2 Spool Double-Fan Turbo-Fan

NEW in 2018
By GE



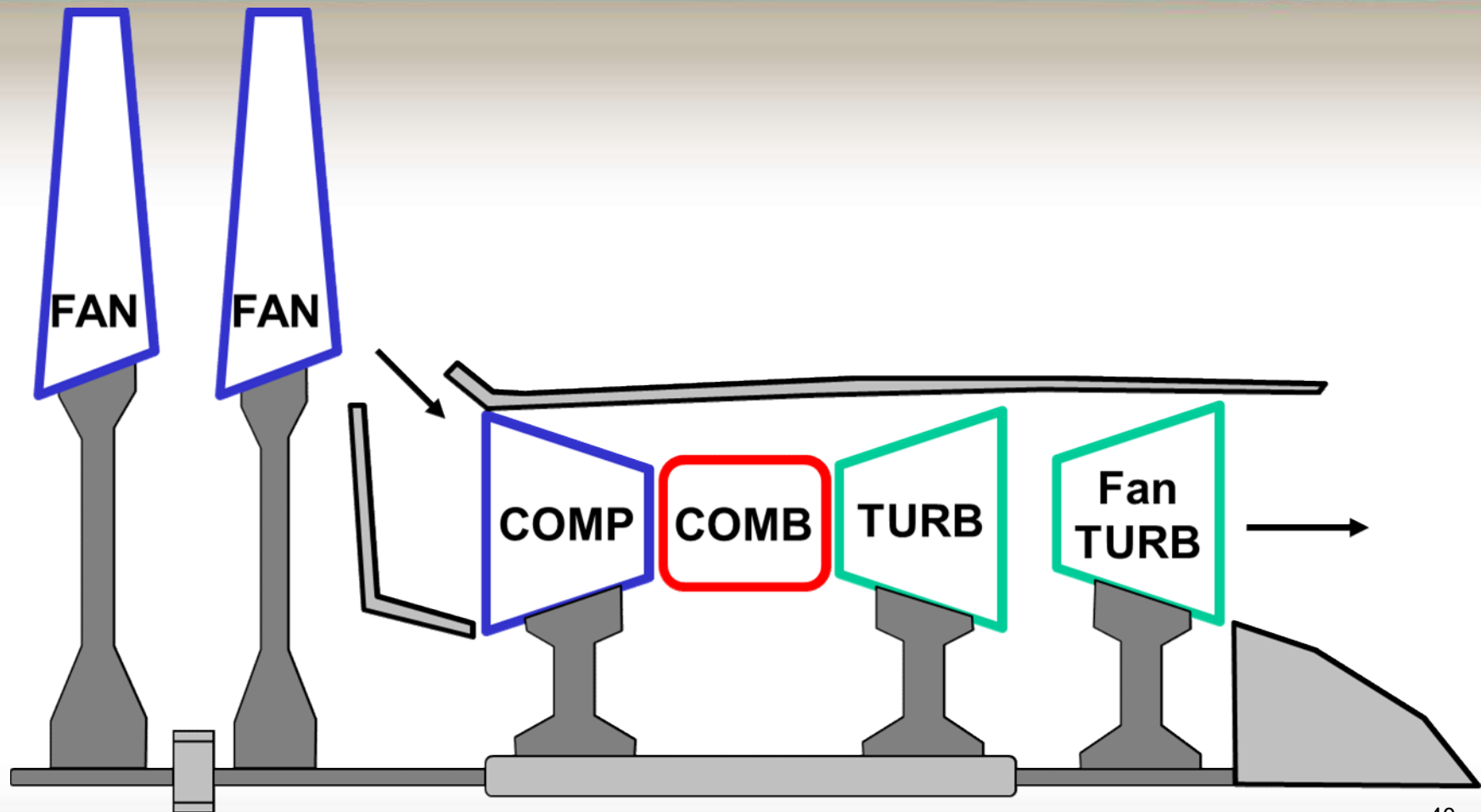
SAFRAN Larzac 04
(military)

1969, 1982, 1984



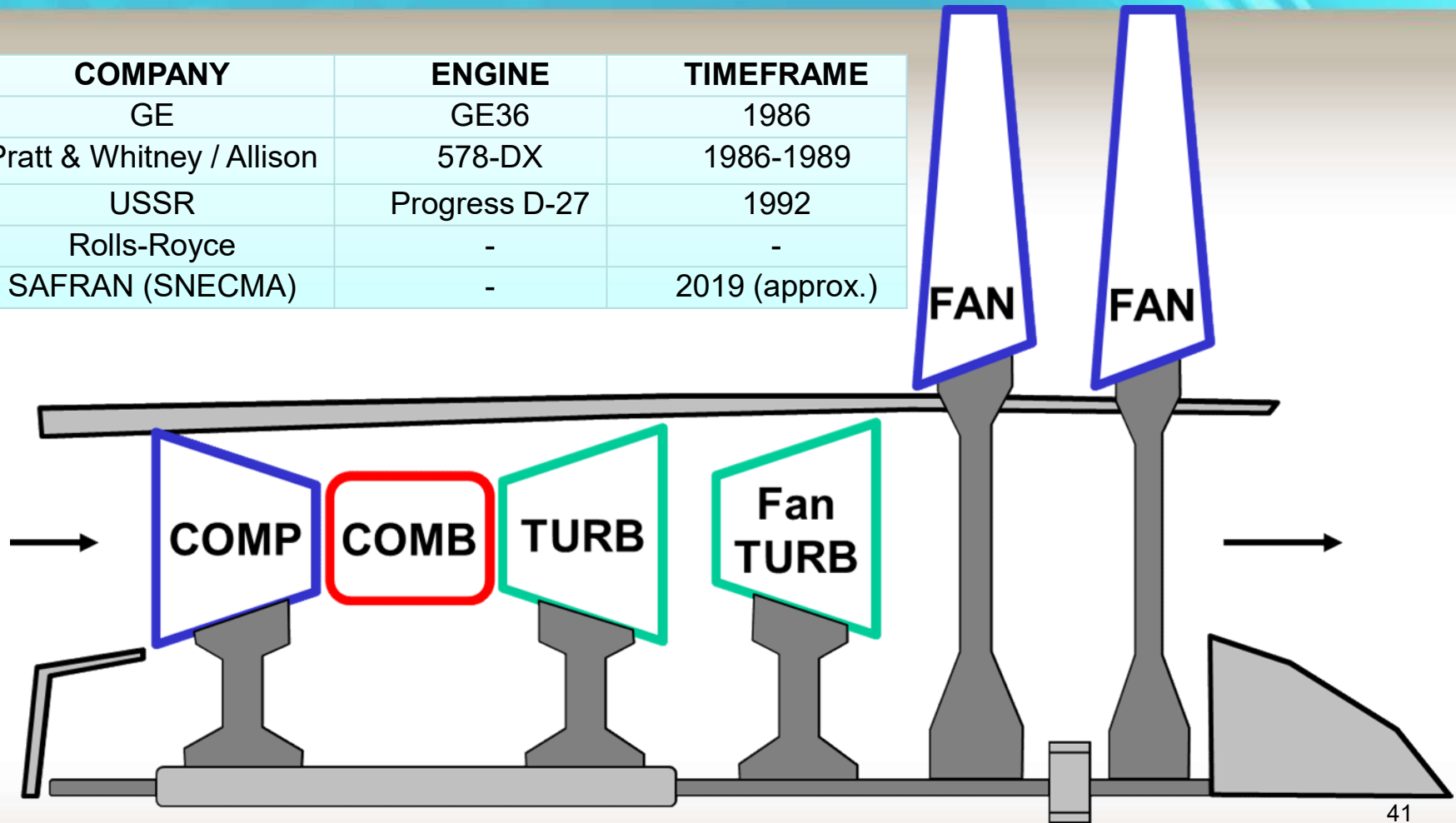
GE Affinity
(Civilian supersonic)

Open Rotor Forward Fan



Open Rotor Rear Fan

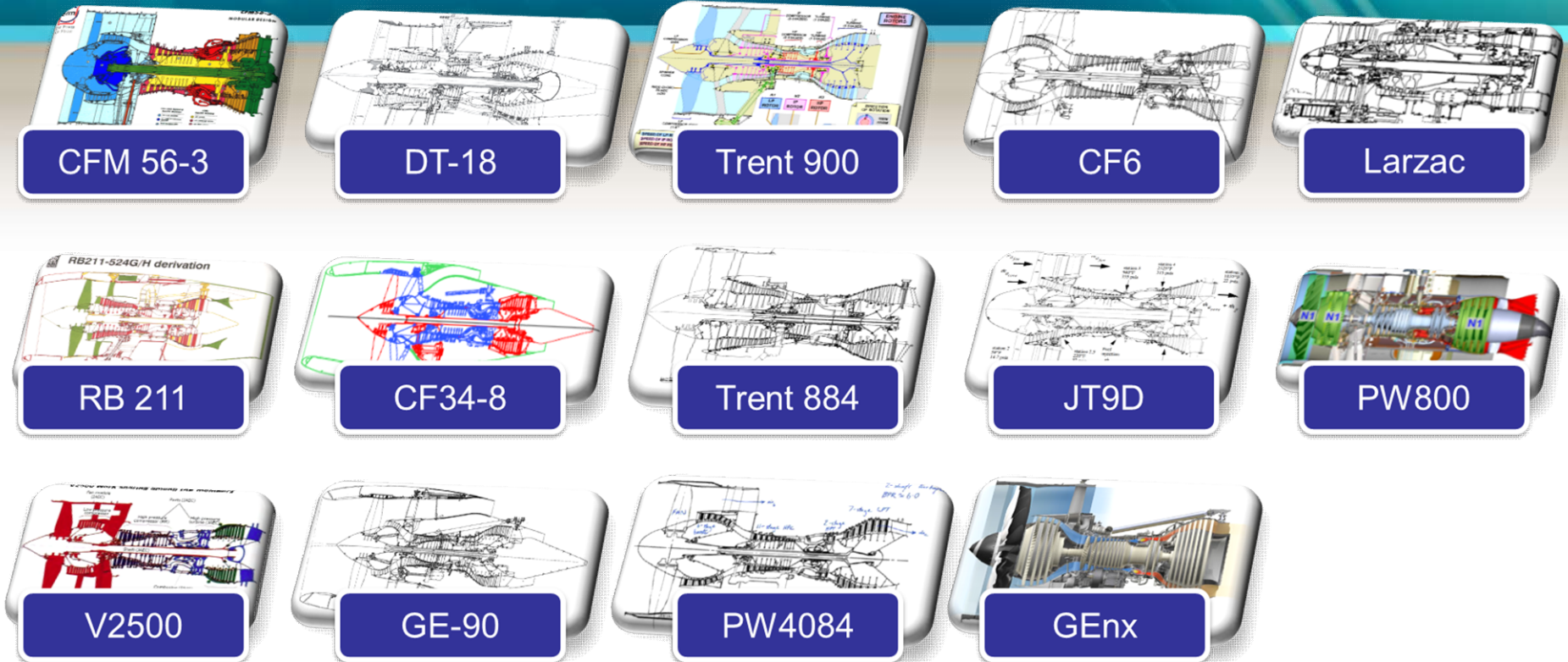
COMPANY	ENGINE	TIMEFRAME
GE	GE36	1986
Pratt & Whitney / Allison	578-DX	1986-1989
USSR	Progress D-27	1992
Rolls-Royce	-	-
SAFRAN (SNECMA)	-	2019 (approx.)



How do we choose which configuration?



Database of engines



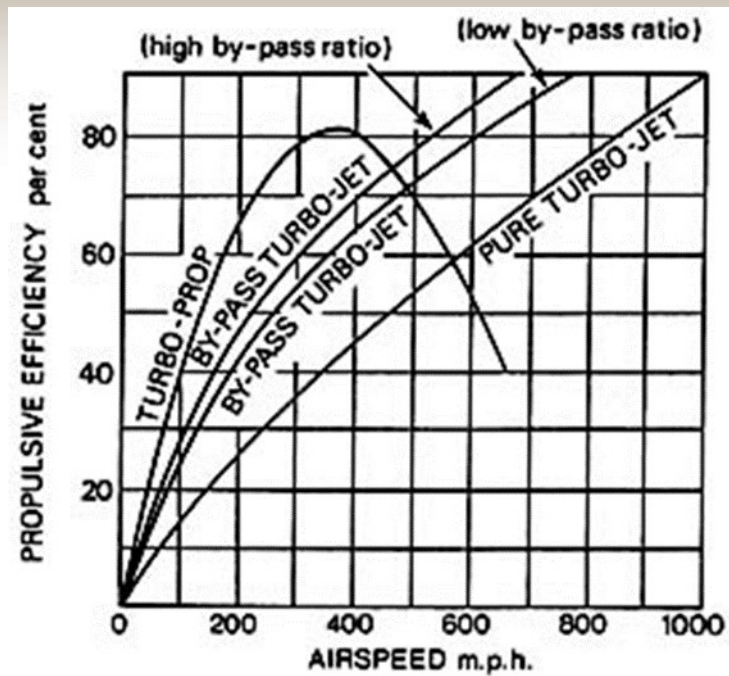
Successful production engine data

“biased” clean sheets and derivatives

Model & simulation validation

Incorporation of new or improved technologies

How do we choose which configuration?



+ $f(x)$

+ EI

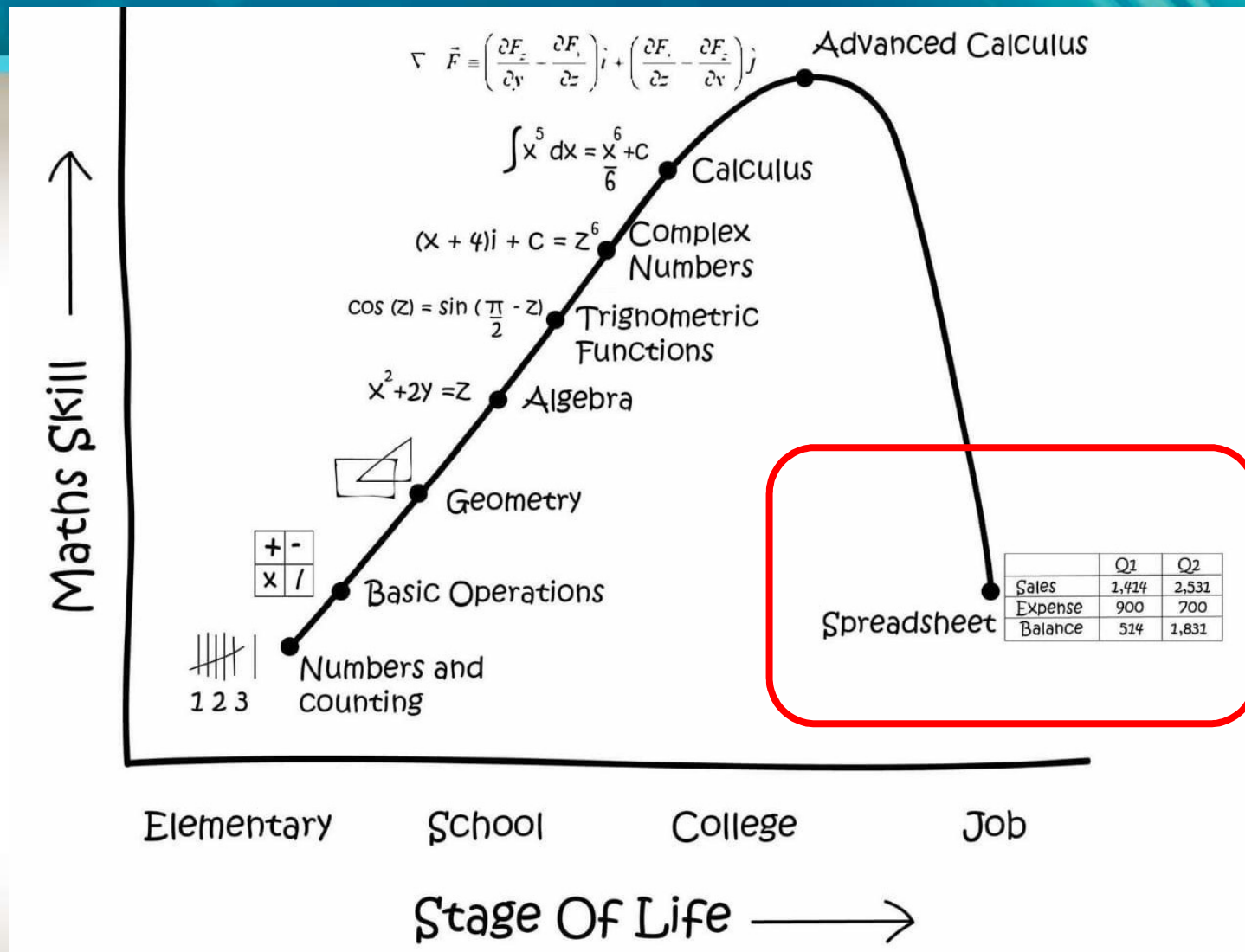
+ NI

+ Mgt

+ Next slide

EI: Emotional Intelligence
NI: Natural Intelligence

And lots of sophisticated spreadsheets

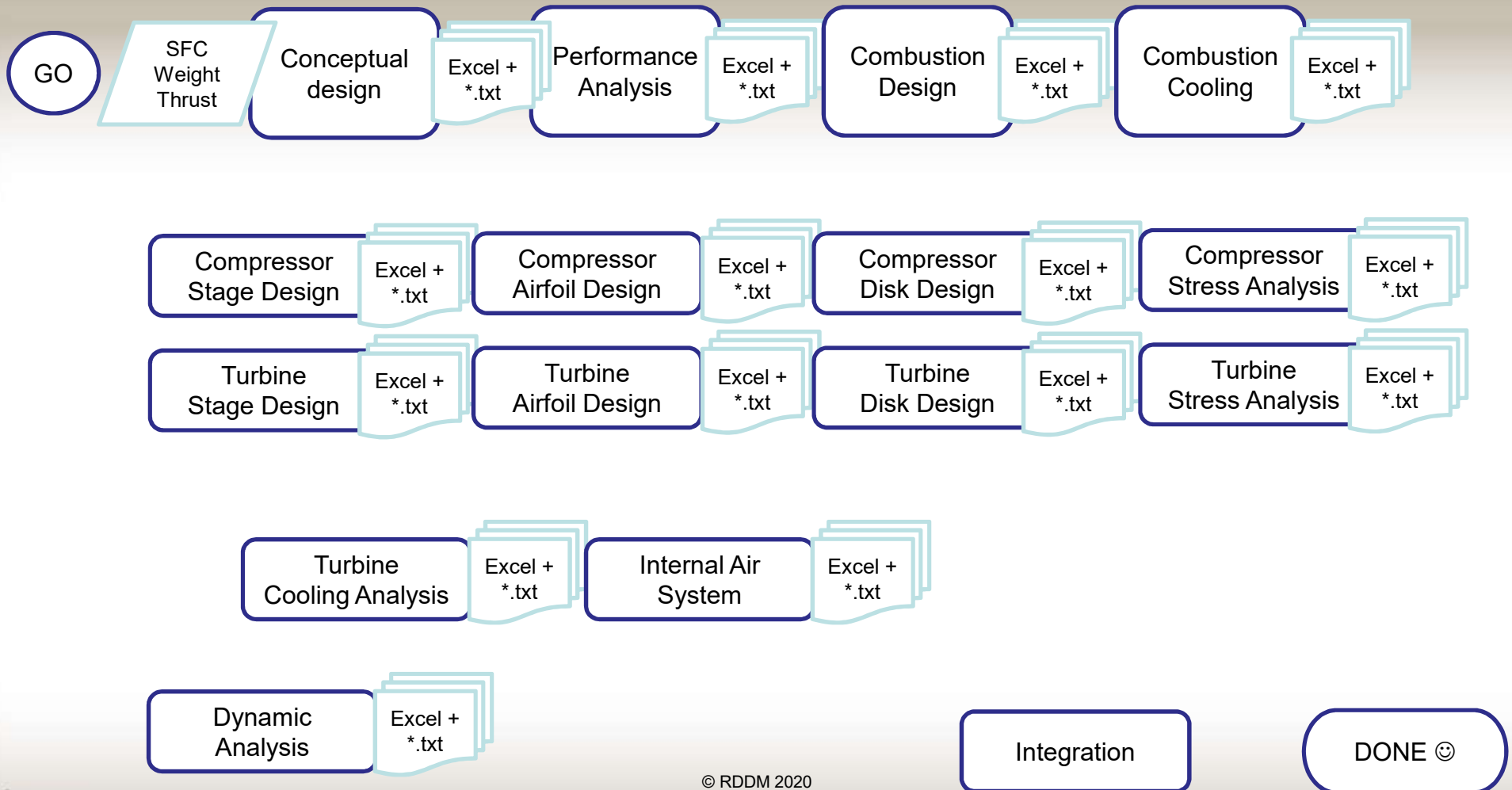


“It is common sense to take a method and try it. If it fails, admit it frankly and try another. But above all, try something.”- **Franklin D. Roosevelt**

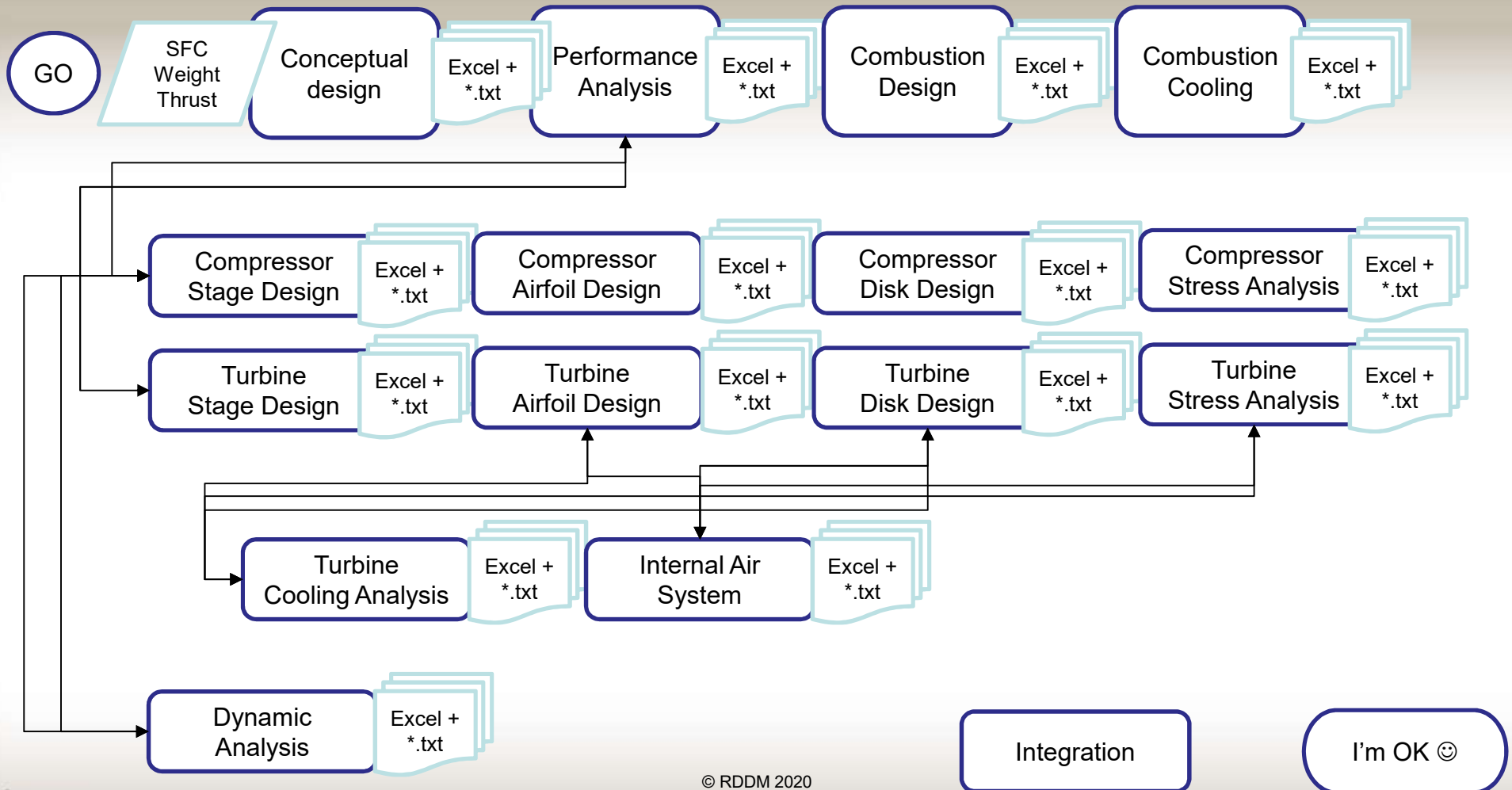
The (disastrous) design process

MULTI-DISCIPLINARY (INTEGRATED) DESIGN (& OPTIMIZATION) SYSTEM

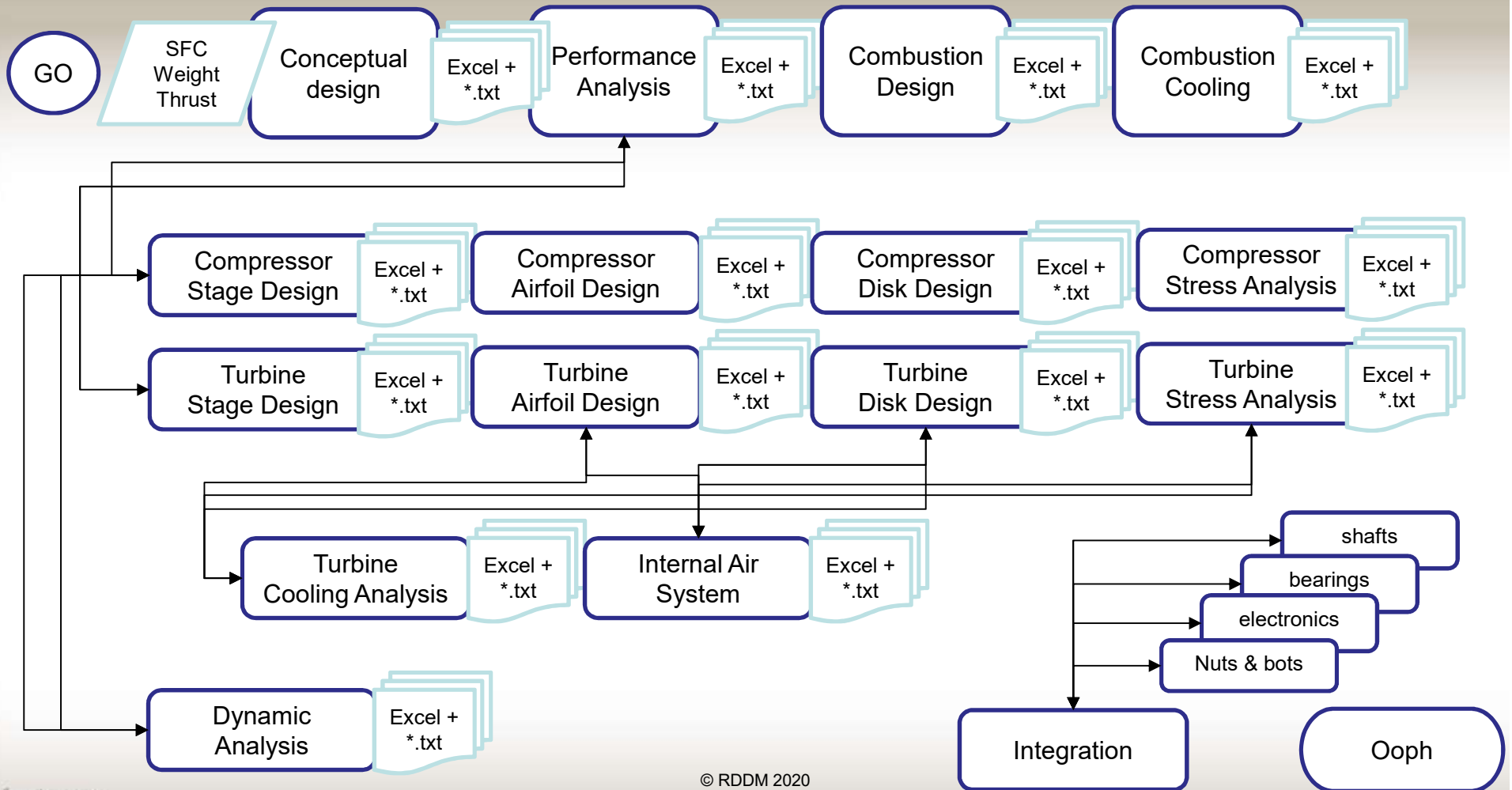
A simplified value stream



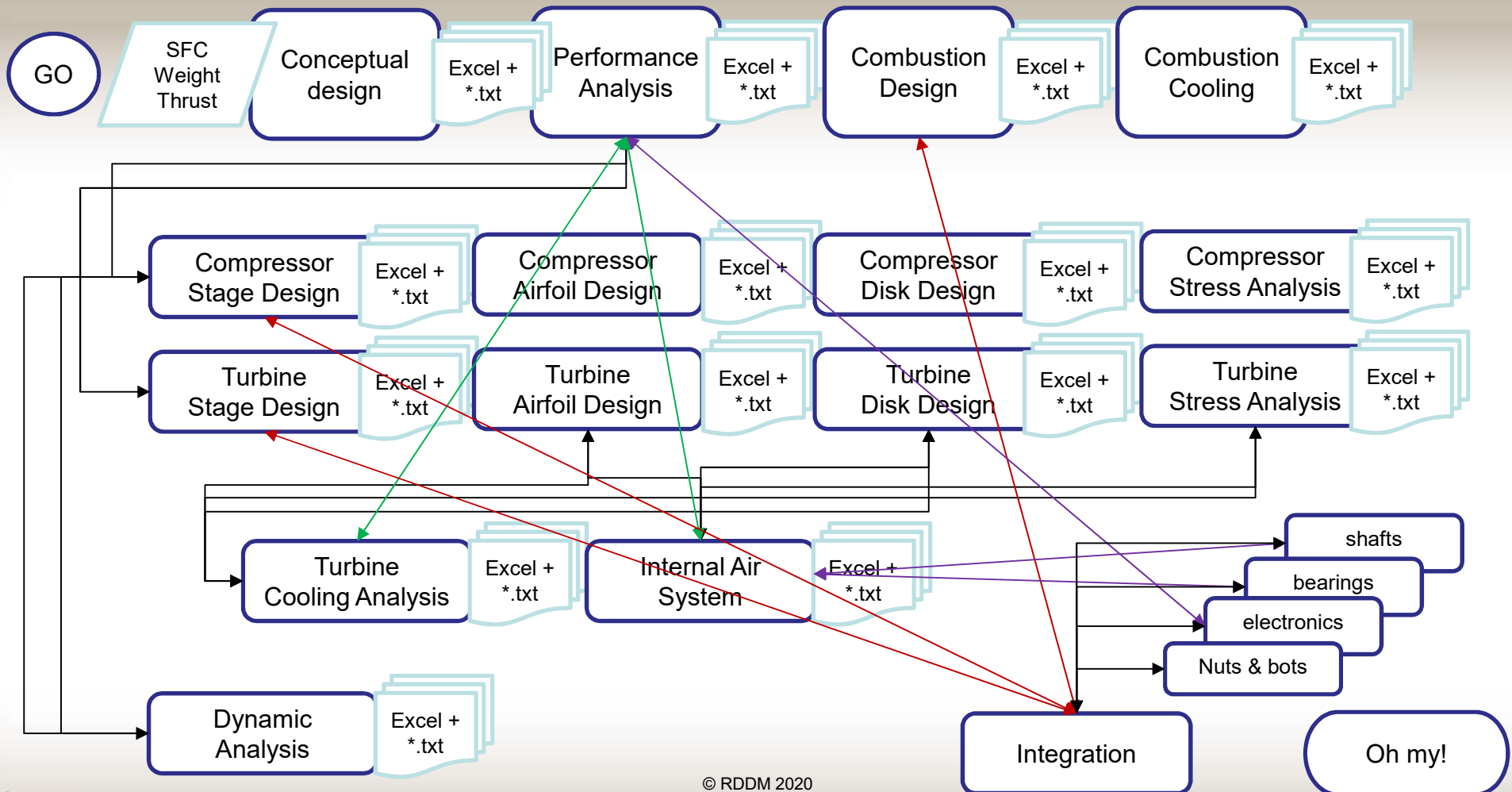
An iterative value stream



A not so bad value stream



A stressful value stream



Executives yell on directors

Directors yell on managers

managers yell on supervisors

supervisors yell on staff

staff updating LinkedIn

A panic-attack value stream

Mr. Customer we need to negotiate

OH NO!!

Cough cough

GO

SFC Weight Thrust

Conceptual design

Excel + *.txt

Performance Analysis

Excel + *.txt

Combustion Design

Excel + *.txt

Combustion Cooling

Excel + *.txt

Compressor Stage Design

Excel + *.txt

Compressor Airfoil Design

Excel + *.txt

Compressor Disk Design

Excel + *.txt

Compressor Stress Analysis

Excel + *.txt

Turbine Stage Design

Excel + *.txt

Turbine Airfoil Design

Excel + *.txt

Turbine Disk Design

Excel + *.txt

Turbine Stress Analysis

Excel + *.txt

More weight

Turbine Cooling Analysis

Excel + *.txt

Internal Air System

Excel + *.txt

Uhhh

Dynamic Analysis

Excel + *.txt

Don't pass

Integration

You serious

No comment

- shafts
- bearings
- electronics
- Nuts & bots

And remember ...

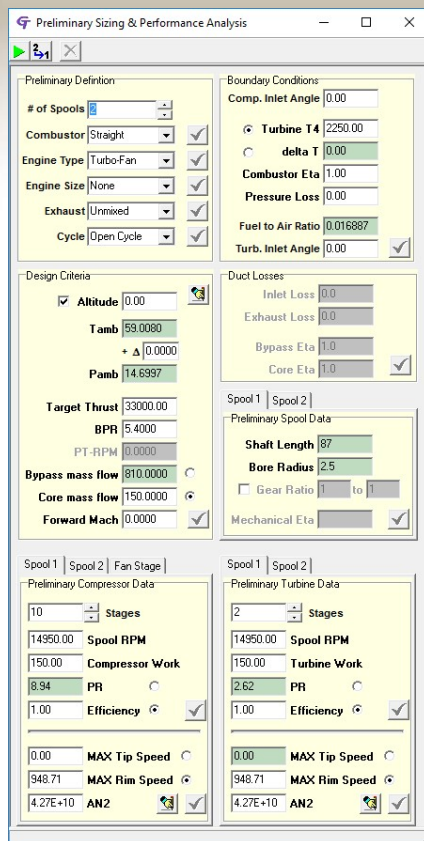
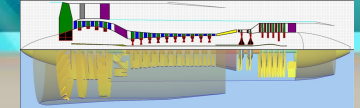
The most dangerous phrase in the language is,
"We've always done it this way."

- Rear Admiral Grace Murray Hopper

The design process

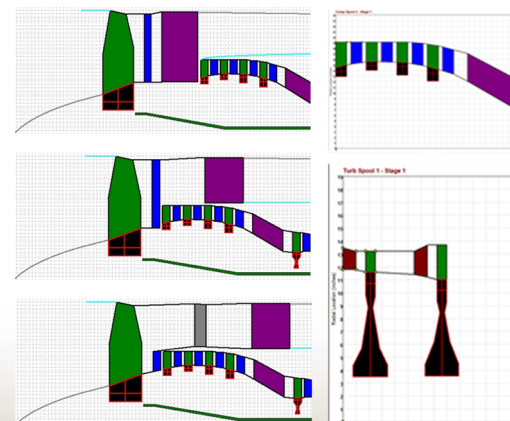
WHAT EACH DISCIPLINE DOES

Conceptual Design & Performance

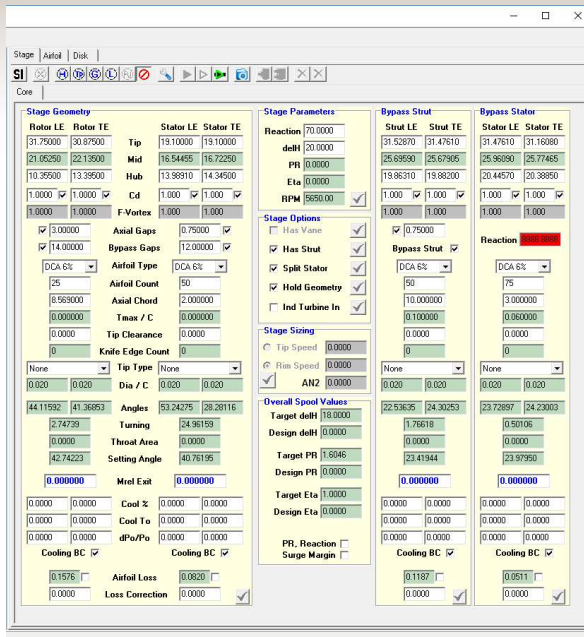
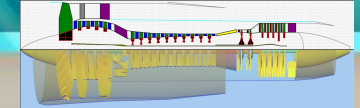


The engineer:

- Creates different gas turbine configurations
- Suggests stage counts based on past experience or optimization
- Develops a simplified design-point performance condition
- Executes a simplified performance analysis
- Executes complex steady- and transient- performance analysis
- Repatriates the detailed design values to the design-point and off-design performance condition for iterative convergence

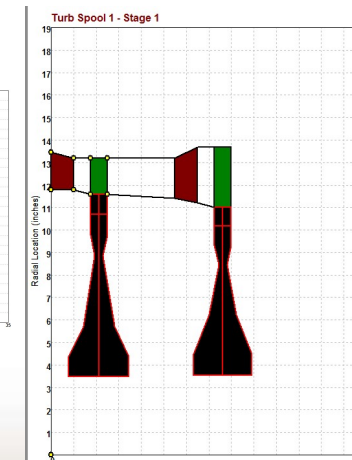
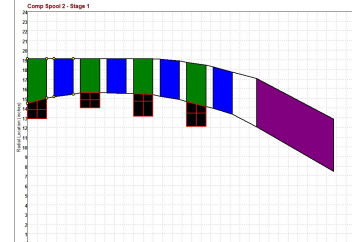
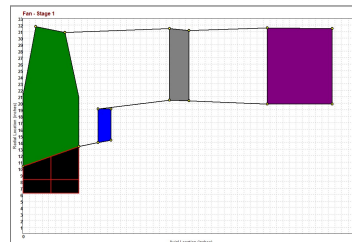


The compressor and turbine aerodynamicist

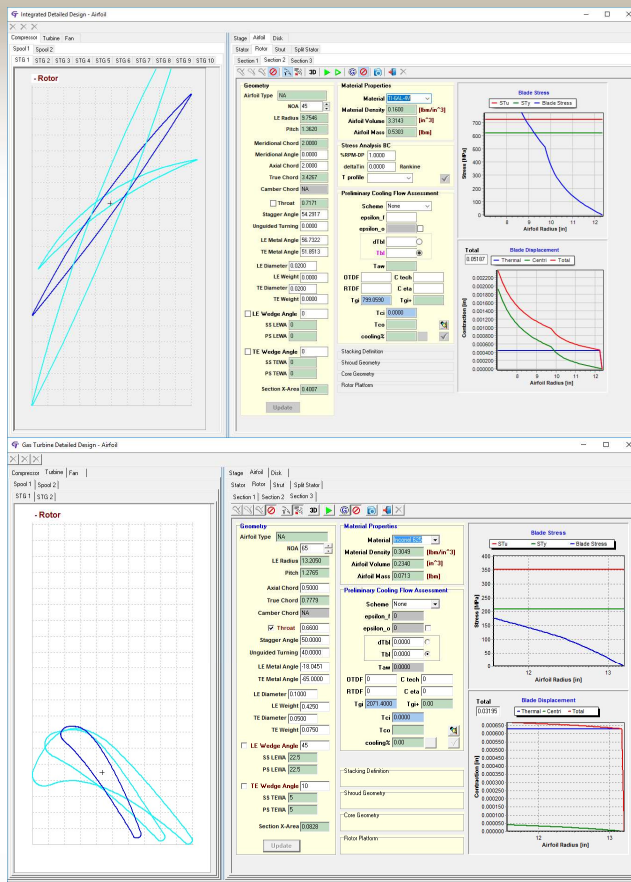
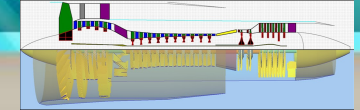


The engineer:

- Executes the 1D design-point and off-design mean-line
- Designs and analyzes:
 - Fan stage(s)
 - Axial and Centrifugal Compressor stage(s)
 - Axial Turbine stage(s)
 - Cooled or Uncooled



Aerodynamics, cooling, and stress



The engineer designs the airfoils for:

- Fan stage(s)
- Compressor (axial and/or centrifugal) stages
- Axial Turbine stages

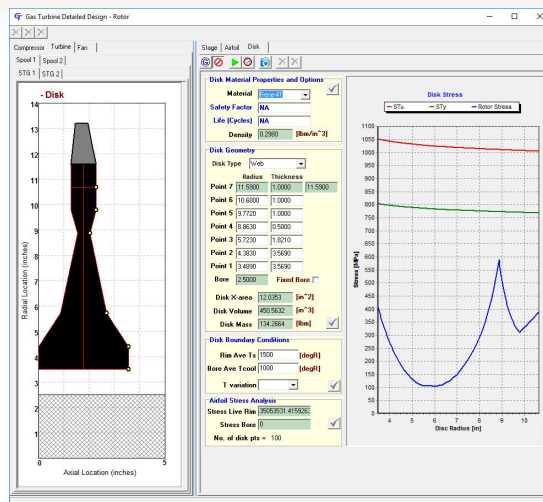
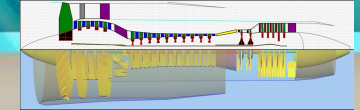
The engineer also:

- Executes simplified and complex stress analysis
- Executes preliminary and detailed cooling flow design and analysis

Airfoils include

- Stator, Rotor, Strut, and Bypass Stator

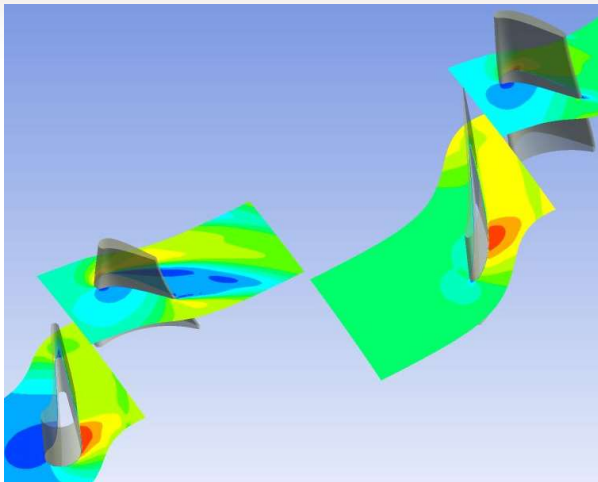
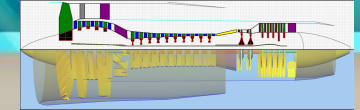
Disk design and stress



The engineer:

- Creates different axisymmetric disk profiles
- Executes simplified and complex stress analysis
- Executes blade fixing analysis

xD analysis

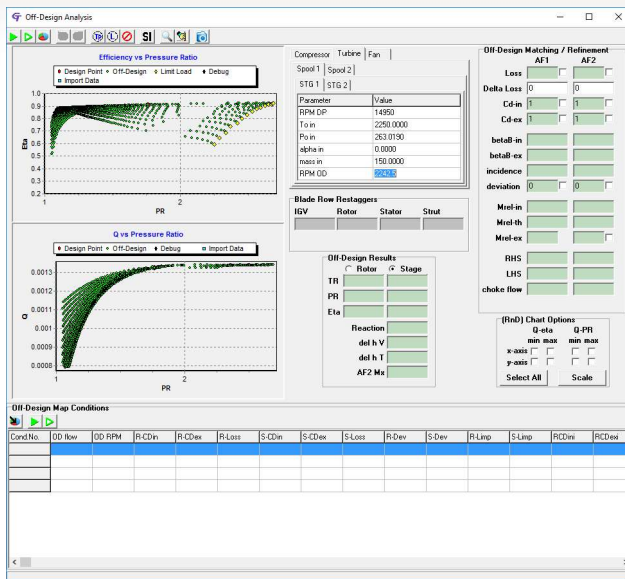
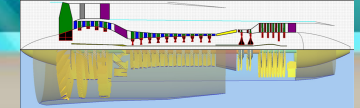


The engineer:

- Executes 2D through-flow analysis
- Executes 3D CFD
 - Steady state and transient analysis
 - (or) Time invariant and time variant
- Fine tunes the aerodynamics
- Updates mean-line and through-flow performance values based on 3D analysis

GE likes to use the term “3D aero design”

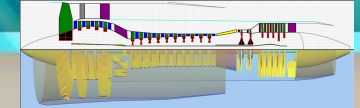
Off design behaviour



The engineer:

- Executes off-design analysis to feed Performance group
 - Compressor off-design
 - Turbine off-design
 - IAS
 - Stress
- May execute 1D, 2D, and/or 3D off-design analysis

Air system



Preliminary Internal Air System Allocation

Compressor IAS Allocation

Spool 1		Spool 2				
STG 1	STG 2	STG 3	STG 4	STG 5	STG 6	STG 7
Hub	Tp	Ps	Tp	Ps	Tp	Ps
Rotor In	25 435	867 984	30 617			
Rotor Ex	702 506	34 618	759 896	45 767		
Stator In	703 595	35 008	757 962	45 426		
Stator Ex	728 395	38 945	764 575	46 147		
Shut In						
Shut Ex						

Stream No: 1

Clear Comp Clear Turb

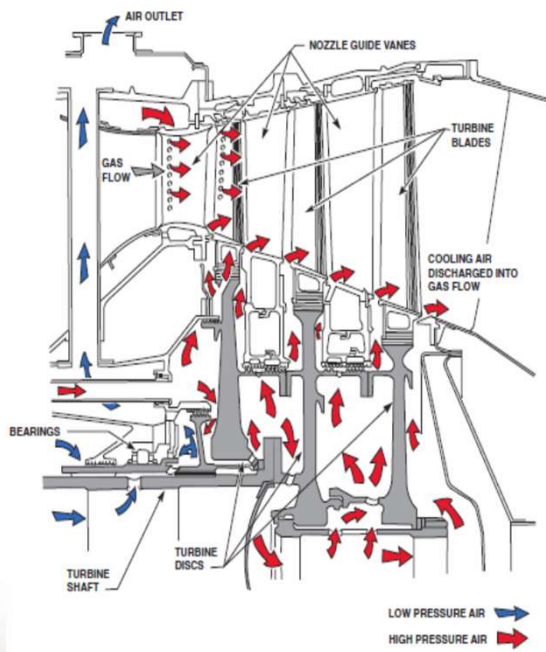
Assign Comp Assign Turb

Stream path type

delPo min: 0.0

Turbine IAS Allocation

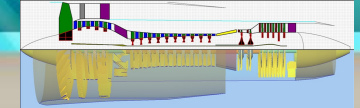
Spool 1		Spool 2		
STG 1	STG 2	STG 1	STG 2	
Hub	Tp	Ps	Tp	Ps
Stator In	252 650	262 156	2231 910	254 695
Stator Ex	1988 440	154 575	2041 650	171 676
Rotor In	1995 900	156 909	2054 250	176 095
Rotor Ex	1888 750	123 614	1903 490	128 138
Shut In				
Shut Ex				



The engineer:

- Executes the preliminary and detailed air-system allocation between compressor and turbine stages
 - Bearings
 - Fixings
 - Seals
 - Hydraulic fluid systems (lubrication and cooling)
 - Fuel systems
 - Hot gas path ingestion
 - Sand particle removal

Duct design



Exhaust Design

Bypass Duct Performance			Core Duct Performance		
delta-To	0.00	<input type="checkbox"/>	delta-To	0.00	<input type="checkbox"/>
delta-Po	0.00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	delta-Po	0.00	<input type="checkbox"/>

Bypass Duct Geometry			Core Duct Geometry		
As Length	75	<input type="checkbox"/>	As Length	25	<input type="checkbox"/>
Segment No.	2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Segment No.	2	<input type="checkbox"/>

Exhaust Duct Options			Center Body Geometry		
Unmixed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Length	65	<input type="checkbox"/>
Core	<input type="checkbox"/>		End Radius	2	<input type="checkbox"/>
Mesh	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Wall Length	5	<input type="checkbox"/>

Bypass Duct Segment Geometry			
Segment	Radius	Length	Angle
Segment 1	30.875	37.5	0
Segment 2	28	37.5	0

Core Duct Segment Geometry			
Segment	Radius	Length	Angle
Segment 1	15	12.5	0
Segment 2	17	12.5	0

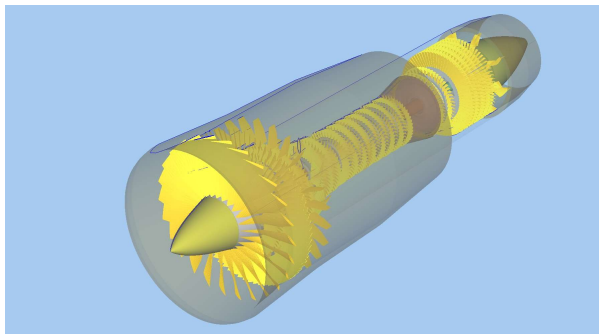
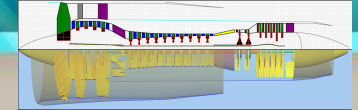
Thrust Decomposition					
	Bypass	Core	Mix plane	Mixed Esh	
0.0504	Max	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	dim
288.15	T5	563.68	0.00	0.00	degK
0.00	DT	0.00	0.00	0.00	degK
161.951.00	PS	161.757.00	0.00	0.00	Pa
1.23	Rho5	1.00	0.00	0.00	kg/m3
0.002820	Asm	0.002144	0.000000	0.000000	m2/kg
1.60	PIact	2.96	0.00	0.00	dim
1.89	PIcrit	1.85	0.00	0.00	dim
1.60	NPRI	1.85	0.00	0.00	dim
1.00	EtaJet	1.00	0.00	0.00	dim
22962.20	ThrustM	7134.41	0.00	0.00	lbf
0.00	ThrustP	1581.19	0.00	0.00	lbf
22962.20	ThrustT	9115.60	0.00	0.00	lbf
0.00	Vin	0.00	0.00	0.00	ft/s
949.39	Vesh	1530.24	0.00	0.00	ft/s
1605.83	Aesh	226.13	0.00	0.00	in2
0	Cd	0	0	0	dim
0	Resh	0	0	0	NA

Debugging		
LHS	RHS	Error
0.0000	0.0000	0.00000E+00

The engineer:

- Creates different exhaust geometries
 - Unforced unmixed
 - Unforced mixed
- Nacelle design
 - Axisymmetric
 - Non-axisymmetric

Overall Design



The engineer:

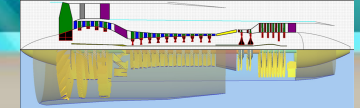
- Gathers all 2D and 3D designs from the disciplines
- Creates full 2D and 3D representations of the overall design
- Checks for clashes
- Weight calculations
- Integrated hot-to-cold conversion



Gas turbine design

IT DOESN'T END THERE

Other activities



Complex integrated
Performance analysis

Centrifugal
compressor design



Shaft dynamics



Combustion design



Cost analysis

Testing

Lifing Analysis

Sales

Digital twin
(production data
analysis)

After Service

Procurement

Production

Manufacturing

R & D

Etc ...

Any questions?

